

THE SHIP SUBSIDY.

THE NEXT REPUBLICAN SCHEME TO GO THROUGH.

WILLIONS OF MONEY TO BE WASTED.

Senator Windom Believes That the Current Subsidy Should Be Increased \$50,000,000 Annually—Mr. Lester's Work.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—[Special.]—The ship subsidy bill is next on the list. It will be called up some bright morning in the Senate, and rushed through, as the bill for the creation of seventeen additional circuit judges was rushed through last Monday. The new rules the democrats have adopted mean no means of knowing what day is to be called up, and they go to the capitol in fear and trembling. When the bill is called up, the majority of the committee on rules have prepared a resolution which they intend to spring upon the Senate, granting two days for their consideration, and then receive remuneration by a system of subsidies, to continue for twenty years. In order to satisfy the pride of seeing our flag floating in foreign ports, and on the high seas, and to pay their debt to certain wealthy steamship lines which come down handsomely in the last session, the republican leaders have decided to inaugurate a system of subsidies between one hundred and two hundred million. No one can tell exactly how much—all of which is to constitute a direct charge upon a tax-ridden people. They are already groaning under burdens imposed by the tariff, and the proposed subsidies, but infant industries must be fostered. Organic corporations must receive remuneration, whether the farmers do or not. Protection bounties and subsidies come high, but we must have them.

THE PROPOSED PAY TO THE TREASURY. The bill proposed to pay out of the treasury thirty cents per ton, cargo and tonnage, to every vessel loaded at a United States port bound for a foreign country, or loaded at a foreign port bound for the United States, for every thousand miles sailed. Of course, certain requirements as to register, class, crew, etc., must be observed, in order to give the vessel the benefit of this subsidy. One of them is that the government can, in time of war, purchase the vessel at her appraised value. The subsidy is to run for ten years at the present rate, and is then to be reduced three cents per ton for every year thereafter. The committee on navigation estimate that the expenditures of this bill for the first year at three and one-half millions, and thereafter, as it is designed to encourage American ship-builders and ownership the cost would amount to rapidly. At a fair average of seven millions for the twenty years, the total expense of building up our merchant marine would cost the people, one half of whom never look upon the sea during their lives, one hundred and fifty millions.

THE INCREASE OF CURRENCY. Secretary Windom, in discussing with Judge Stewart yesterday his silver bill, and after telling him that the sub-treasury was very largely visionary, said that our currency should be increased at least fifty millions annually. He said the population of this country increases at the rate of one million annually. There are, he says, to be a basis between population, business and currency, and he believes the country could stand an increase of \$50,000,000 annually to legitimately do its business. "We have," said Mr. Windom, "\$140,000,000 in circulation, and if the currency was increased in the same ratio as the population it would be \$200,000,000 annually. Therefore, an increase of fifty millions annually would not be an inflation. The probability is that congress will not pass a free coinage bill, but will pass one authorizing the coining of \$4,500,000 of silver monthly.

COLONEL LESTER'S WORK. Colonel Lester has proven himself a splendid military worker. He has succeeded in getting more and larger appropriations in the river and harbor bill for Georgia than she has ever gotten before.

THEY HAVE A LITTLE LIST. But the Republicans Pay No Attention to It. WASHINGTON, April 17.—[Special.]—The new members of the Senate, in their seats this morning, their desks having been placed on the republican side after the adjournment yesterday. The desks were first located on the democratic side after the four new states were admitted, and there they remained until the action of the Senate yesterday seating the republican contingent. Under the terms of the resolution presented by Mr. Hoar, Sanders and Power were assigned by lot to the classes of senators whose terms expire in 1893 and 1895, respectively. Power drew the long and Sanders the short term.

Among the petitions and memorials presented was one by Mr. Butler, from the Charleston board of trade, protesting against the passage of the Duttonworth anti-option and future bill; one by Mr. Harris, containing resolutions by the cotton and merchants' exchanges of Memphis, asking that liberal appropriations be made for the work of the Mississippi river commission.

BILLS PASSED. The bill making an appropriation for a public building at Tuscaloosa, Ala., \$40,000 (house bill), was taken from the calendar and passed.

Also, house bill to regulate the passing of boats of the United States within the district of South Carolina (with amendments).

Also, house bill for the appointment and removal of John C. Fremont as a major-general of the United States army.

HOUSE RESOLUTION. At 2 o'clock, the Senate took up the house bill resolution for the appointment of thirty

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THE BURIAL. The burial took place at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. The remains were interred in the cemetery of the Metropolitan Presbyterian church. The burial took place at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. The remains were interred in the cemetery of the Metropolitan Presbyterian church.

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MCGREGOR IS FREE.

THE JURY BRINGS IN A VERDICT OF "NOT GUILTY."

A REMARKABLE SCENE IN COURT.

Major McGregor Walks Alone from the Courtroom to His Home, Where His Family Was in Waiting.

AUGUSTA, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—Charles E. McGregor is a free man. This morning at 9 o'clock, to the surprise of everybody, the jury suddenly agreed, and returned a verdict of not guilty. The prisoner and all his friends had lost hope. They thought a mistrial was certain. There was not more than a dozen persons present in the courtroom this morning when Judge Lumpkin entered and took his seat on the bench. E. P. Davis was the only representative of the state on hand, and neither Major McGregor nor his counsel were in the room. The judge had decided to end the thing, and turn the jury loose. Calling the court to order, he said: "The jury, I think, have reached a verdict, and are likely to agree."

There was a genuine sensation when Sheriff Shirley returned to the courtroom and said: "Mr. Hall Daker says, may it please your honor, that if he is allowed to make a statement to the court, he thinks they may agree on a verdict."

THE VERDICT AGREED. A murmur of surprise was heard among the present, and every man exchanged significant glances with his neighbors. It had been claimed all along that Mr. Hall Baker was the obstinate juror, and here was a confirmation of the belief. "What would be the nature of his statement?" was the next question. "Let the counsel in the case be called, and the prisoner brought to the courtroom, Mr. Sheriff."

The trial went to the front of the courtroom, and called loudly the names of the lawyers in the case. This was heard by everybody on the public square, and was noticed that some new development was at hand. In a moment a score or two of men occupied seats in the courtroom. The fact that, when least expected, a verdict of not guilty was at hand could hardly be realized as true. There was a knock at the door of the jury room, and when it was opened the twelve men who had held the life of their fellow citizen in their hands for the past week, filed into the courtroom. There was a look of relief on the faces of some, others only showed signs of fatigue or weariness, while Mr. Hall Baker, on whom all eyes were turned, showed signs of weeping and was evidently greatly wrought up. He said he had done what he considered it his duty to do, but Major McGregor's looks overpowered his reason at last, and he

HOLMES'S TRIAL.

ALGOD'S IMPATIENCE OF BUSINESS SUPERVISION.

Mr. E. W. Marsh tells of the Family Council, where the story of Algod's bitterness was fully brought out.

ROME, April 17.—[Special.]—The courthouse continues packed and interest increases with the progress of the Holmes trial.

The vigor of the prosecution seems rather to astonish the public, and the interest deepens each day. The counsel for the state are leaving no stone unturned and are fighting the defense steadily on the admission of testimony, and they open it up upon the witness of the defense wherever they think a point can be made. Hugh Parks, one of the most important witnesses, was put through the rubbers yesterday and this morning Colonel Hammond bore down hard upon Mr. Combs, the depot agent at Turin, who swore that on the afternoon of his death Mr. Algod said to him just before leaving, "Old fellow, I may have to put somebody in a coffin before I come back or I may have to come in a coffin myself."

COMES UNDER EXAMINATION.

Colonel Hammond asked him if he did not the next day say in the presence of three witnesses that Mr. Algod went to Rome on a mission of peace.

Combs said he said on that occasion that he thought Mr. Algod came on a peace mission. "Why did you think so after hearing such a threat?" demanded Colonel Hammond.

"Because Mr. Myers had told me that morning about the deed Mr. Algod prepared the day before."

Judge Brannan tried to show by the witness that the second statement was made when Mr. Algod was at Turin at a fever heat, and it might have been dangerous to express any other idea, but that Mr. Algod came to Rome on a peace mission; but the judge did not admit testimony at that time.

Mr. J. L. Aycock, of Turin, testified that he went to Mr. Algod on the 15th or 16th of January to get employment, and while there asked him if he got his herd of Holstein cattle in Kentucky. He said Mr. Algod replied: "No, I bought them from that damned rascal, Dr. Holmes, of Rome."

"He walked off a step or two and came back to me," said Aycock, "and said to me, 'I know that he has been trying to out me of the factory for two years.' I told him I did not, and I remarked, 'I don't know he will do it. He just remarked, 'he or I one will be dead when it is done.'"

MR. KING'S TESTIMONY. When Mr. Jack King was introduced to prove Mr. Algod's threat made on the day Holmes's farm implements were sold in December, 1887, the state objected to the ground that it was an uncommunicated threat, and was too remote from the time of the tragedy to be a part of the res gestae.

Judge Brannan argued that it was one of a chain of events, and that this uncommunicated threat was admissible to corroborate other evidence of communicated threats.

Judge Maddox said the trouble was in going behind a reconciliation that had occurred between the early and the latter threats.

Judge Brannan urges Seab Wright's suggestion that, though there was a reconciliation, Mr. Algod had not been told of the determination to kill Holmes if he ousted him from the presidency of the factory.

Colonel Hammond insisted that all the decisions were to the effect that an uncommunicated threat, not near enough to be part of the res gestae, could not be admitted.

Judge Maddox admitted the testimony on the ground that it corroborated communicated threats made about the same time. He said he sat up all night studying the question, and could find no decision in the Georgia reports to cover similar facts. There was no Alabama case that favored a broader view of the testimony than usual on the idea that to settle the question of who was the aggressor, an uncommunicated threat might be admitted to show the animus of the deceased.

MR. KING THEN WENT ON WITH HIS TESTIMONY, and described, as follows, his interview with D. P. Algod in December, 1887.

"It was on the morning of the sale, about 10 o'clock. I met Mr. Algod and asked him how he was and things were getting along at the factory. He said they were getting along nicely, except that they were trying to put him out of the presidency of the factory and Dr. Holmes was at the bottom of it, trying to out him. He said his father had left the property to him, and Dr. Holmes was an interloper, who had come into the family and was trying to put him out. That if he did it, he would kill him. He said: 'I would as soon be dead as to be out of the factory in that way, for life would not be worth living afterwards. Any way, I have got enough to support my wife and my boy.'"

WHAT THE WITNESSES TESTIFIED TO. A number of witnesses were examined by the defense in the morning to connect the different links in their chain of evidence. So far as they have gone they have succeeded well in establishing what they proposed at the outset.

Mr. W. T. Smith and Mr. William Galloway were introduced to give evidence corroborating the testimony of Combs, the depot agent. They swore that on the train down on the afternoon of the tragedy Mr. Galloway asked Mr. Algod if he was going to the opera house, and he, raising his cane, said: "I am going to work this stick over a d—rascal's head."

"Who has been trespassing on your rights?" said Mr. Smith, but Mr. Algod refused to tell the name.

MR. MARSH TESTIFIED. The important testimony of the afternoon was that of Mr. E. W. Marsh, relative to what occurred at the family meeting the Sunday before the tragedy, and that of the three gentlemen who were in the carriage with Dr. Holmes.

Mr. Marsh testified that in December, 1889, he wrote a letter to D. P. Algod, and subsequently in January, 1890, Mr. Algod submitted to him some amendments to the by-laws of the Trion Manufacturing company. The effect of these amendments was to make the secretary responsible for any overdraft. Mr. Algod's salary was \$2,000 a year, and he owned \$25,000 of stock, worth \$50,000. That made his stock worth about \$75,000, and his account at the factory was overdrawn \$48,000. This Mr. Marsh doubted Mr. Algod's ability to pay without sacrificing his real estate.

Mrs. Holmes, who owned \$14,000 of the stock, had discussed the affairs of the factory with Mr. Marsh in Dr. Holmes's presence several times. He did not remember that Dr. Holmes had said anything about Mr. Algod's management, but Mrs. Holmes had said she did not like to lose her estate. Her stock had never been voted against D. F. Algod that Mr. Marsh knew of. Mr. Marsh suggested to Mr. Algod that his three brothers-in-law be made directors, and he said he would never give his consent, and Dr. Holmes should have anything to do with it.

The meeting at which the by-laws of Trion factory were amended was on the 15th or 16th of January. D. F. Algod offered them himself. They made void any contract not countersigned by the secretary and treasurer. Mr. Marsh testified that Mr. Algod was a big, toned, honorable man, as honorable as any man. He also said Mr. Algod was elected president of the factory when his father resigned during his last illness, and it was done at Dr. Holmes's suggestion. He and Dr. Holmes were very warm friends then, and the doctor attended Judge A. P. Algod in his last illness. In regard to the meeting on the Sunday before the tragedy, Mr. Marsh said Mrs. A. P. Algod, Miss Maud and Mr. Steele came down from the factory that day, and he came up from Atlanta. They all met about noon in Dr. Holmes's office, with the doctor and his wife. Dr. Holmes had telegraphed Mr. Marsh to come up. In the meeting the doctor said that when he was at Trion the day before, D. F. Algod had been very badly and threatened his life. He said that on account of these threats, life had become intolerable. He did not want to kill Dr. Holmes, and did not want to go to California or anywhere, if the family thought best. Mr. Steele suggested that Mr. Algod's sisters join in a letter appealing to him to settle the difficulty peacefully, and that Mr. Marsh join in the letter.

ter. Mr. Marsh said he would write a personal letter to Dr. Holmes. Mr. Steele formulated the letter, but afterwards concluded that it would be better for Mr. Algod's mother and sisters to go to Trion and make a personal appeal to him. This was determined upon, so the letter was never sent.

Meanwhile, D. P. Algod, who had come down on the same train that Sunday, was waiting at the corner of the hardware store near the hotel. Dr. Holmes's carriage driver, Sam Black, said he had been told to watch Mr. Algod that day, and stayed there at the corner and talked with him. Mr. Algod never left the corner before train time, except when he went to the livery stable about fifteen minutes. When he came back, he remained till the train going towards Trion arrived.

DR. HOLMES'S COMPANIONS TESTIFY. Mr. Matlock and Mr. McKelton, who went hunting with Dr. Holmes on the fatal 20th of January, testified substantially the same facts. Mr. McKelton was with Dr. Holmes inside the carriage. Dr. Holmes was on his left, the side which was nearest the office. He saw the carriage stopped Mr. Matlock was on the seat with the driver, Mr. Caleb Dempsey. They testified that when the carriage came down Broad street to the Masonic temple, Dr. Holmes instructed the driver to go by the Baptist church down East First street. Mr. McKelton, who was inside testified that Dr. Holmes said he did this to get out of the office, and he went out to the corner at the office, these witnesses say Mr. Algod turned on the door sill, and put his hand to his right hip. Mr. Dempsey says he could see the butt of the pistol shining. Just then the first shot came out of the carriage from Dr. Holmes. Mr. Matlock says Mr. Algod half dropped, perhaps his feet were bent under him; perhaps he dropped on his hands. He cried, "Hello, doctor! Oh, Dr. Holmes," and was working his hand up and down, trying to get out his pistol.

Mr. Matlock says his eyes were blinded by the first shot, and when he rubbed them clear across them, the second occurred, and he jumped down and raised Mr. Algod's head. Mr. McKelton jumped out of the carriage on the street side, at the first shot, and went toward the horse's head. The second shot was fired before he got round, and Mr. Matlock had hold of Mr. Algod. Mr. Dempsey says that when he first saw Mr. Algod that he had his hand on his pistol. He thought he might get him when the first shot was fired, and D. F. sank down off the sidewalk. He (Dempsey) cried, "Oh, Lordy! look at that." The only thing that came from Algod was, "Oh, doctor! Oh, Dr. Holmes!"

Matlock and McKelton agree pretty closely on what Dr. Holmes said when he stepped out of the carriage. They say he said, "Send the sheriff; I want to surrender. I had to do it, but he has hounded me down for three years. It was his life or my life; a question whether his wife and child should be left a widow and an orphan, or my wife and child should be left a widow and orphan."

This was the most important testimony of the day. There was an immense mass of it, with much relating to family business that did not interest the public, and it was said by some that a stronger case was made out this time than before, when a mistrial was made.

The prisoner introduced no witnesses at all, and made his statement in a plain and cool manner, going into all the minute details of his case. He was before the jury two hours in making his statement.

The court then took a recess of two hours. The defense was opened by John Peabody in an able manner, speaking at length upon the prisoner's statement. He was followed by the solicitor in an able appeal. There will be two more speeches made before the case goes to the jury. The case will probably go to the jury today.

Charged With Murder. THOMASVILLE, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—Last night at Beverly & Buck's logging camp, about nine miles from town, Walker Conley killed Jonas Patterson. Both were colored. The reason for the killing appears to be a difficulty in which Conley was worsted, and he waited for an opportunity when his enemy was asleep to crush his skull with a heavy piece of timber. Conley was arrested yesterday, and is held on an inquest over the deceased. The jury returned a verdict of murder, charging Conley with the crime. He has escaped, but will be searched for.

The Phelan Cases Postponed. GRIFFIN, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—The cases against S. H. Phelan were sounded before J. F. Stillwell, esquire, but were postponed until May 5th.

This postponement was due to the inability of Colonel F. D. Dismuke, who is an important witness, to appear in court. Mr. Phelan was allowed to go home until the numerous offenses with which he is charged.

THE KNIGHTS' TEMPLAR. The Election of Grand Officers Yesterday at Brunswick.

ROME, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—The Knights Templars session closed today. The grand commandery officers elected were: Grand commander, A. G. Howard, of Atlanta; deputy grand commander, R. J. Nunn, of Savannah; generalissimo, G. W. McElbaine, of Columbus; grand commander general, W. P. Baldwin, of Macon; grand prelate, Lansing Burrows, of Augusta; grand recorder, S. B. Hamilton, Savannah; grand treasurer, W. B. Daniel, Macon; grand standard bearer, Park Woodward, Atlanta; grand sword bearer, A. W. Walton, Rome; grand warden, G. M. Wilcox, Macon; grand scribe, W. H. Orr, Columbus; grand junior warden, W. H. Fleming, Augusta. The next convention will be held at Macon the first Wednesday in May.

Gin House Burned. LAGRANGE, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—The gin house of Mr. V. D. Davis, who lives near Chipley, was burned on Saturday night. The loss falls heavily as there was no insurance. It was consumed about 40,000 pounds of fodder and hay stored in the building and thirteen sacks of cotton. The cause of the suspected, though Mr. Dallis is at a loss to know who had such a grudge against him as to inflict this injury. There had been no fire in or about the gin house. His many friends in L. G. sympathize with him in his misfortune.

CELEBRATING MEMORIAL DAY. The Preparations for the Day in Quitman.

QUITMAN, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—The Memorial association here is in excellent financial condition. Offered for a number of years by Mrs. A. J. Rountree, president; Mrs. C. Culpepper, treasurer; and Miss Annie McIntosh, secretary. It has come into possession of \$500 cash and some real estate within the city limits. There are fourteen soldiers' graves for which the association cares. One of these is the last resting place of a brave and gallant federal soldier. Side by side with the boys in gray is he buried, and yearly his grave receives the same tender care and floral decoration that the other mounds do. Memorial exercises will be held on the 25th, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, in the opera house. Mr. Noah Webster Cooper will deliver the address. The Quitman Grays will lend their presence to the occasion.

Memorial Day in Griffin. GRIFFIN, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—The usual memorial exercises will be observed here on the 25th. Colonel Emmett Womack has been invited to deliver the address and accept the dedication. The association has been doing worse, but hardly better in their selection of an orator.

DEATHS IN GEORGIA. FRANKLIN, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—The death of Mrs. Mollie McDowell, the wife of Rev. R. J. McDowell, occurred this evening at 6 o'clock. The cause of her death was heart disease.

THE GREAT OCMULGEE.

THIS IS VERY GOOD NEWS FOR MACON.

Congress Approves \$15,000 for the Ocmulgee Between There and Hawkinsville—Other Macon News.

MACON, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—Congress has appropriated \$15,000 for the first year's improvement of the Ocmulgee between this city and Hawkinsville.

The following is the telegram from Congressman Blount:

WASHINGTON, April 17.—To Messrs. George T. Harris and R. M. Rogers: Congress has appropriated \$15,000 for the improvement of the Ocmulgee between Macon and Hawkinsville.

This is good news and means much for Macon. Fifteen thousand was the amount asked for the first year's work.

WILL BISHOP BECKWITH Consent to the Sale of the Appleton Church House Property?

MACON, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—On the day that the Right Rev. John W. Beckwith purchased a considerable area of ground on College street, next to St. Paul's church, and built thereon the present two-story Appleton Church home. Considerable land attaches to the name. He is a splendid local.

Yesterday the bishop was in Macon to administer the holy sacrament to Sister Margaret, who is in charge of the home, and is very ill. During his stay in Macon he was appointed by certain parties with the intention to sell the grounds and subdivide them into building lots for residences. The present home could be torn down and the brick and lumber sold. It is estimated that the property thus sold would bring \$40,000 to \$50,000.

Of this sum a sufficient amount could be used to build a home on a site to be bought in Vineville, or other convenient locality, and the surplus from the sale of the property could be used as an endowment fund for the home. Quite a number of Episcopalians have expressed themselves in favor of the scheme. Bishop Beckwith, it is reported, said he would take the matter under advisement and consideration.

MRS. HARVEY WANTS \$25,000 For a Very Severe Article in Colonel Estlin's Macon Edition.

MACON, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—A few days ago the Macon edition of the morning paper of this city a most severe attack upon a lady of this city. Mrs. Mary Harvey, who owns considerable property on Fourth street, and has been granted an injunction against the Georgia Southern road from obstructing a certain alley. Across this alley the railroad company had placed a house, and soon after the injunction had been granted the house was removed in the dead of night.

The Telegraph next morning stated that Mrs. Harvey did the work, and also charged her with incendiarism, and, in high dudgeon, she had been arrested. She has just filed in the United States court, a suit for \$25,000 damages, and is represented by Messrs. Hill & Harris and F. J. W. Daly.

Mrs. Harvey claims that she did not move the house, and that the railroad company were untrue and she thinks she has been injured to the amount of \$25,000.

TWO MARRIAGES. A Couple of Macon Young Ladies Enter Matrimony.

MACON, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—There were two marriages in Macon this afternoon. This city furnished the brides and Philadelphia and Savannah supplied the grooms.

At 5 p. m. Miss Emma Heidingsfelder was united in marriage to Mr. M. Goldstein, of Philadelphia, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Phil Heidingsfelder, corner Fourth and Walnut streets. After the ceremony a splendid wedding supper was served. The bride presents were numerous and costly. Mr. and Mrs. Goldstein will remain in Macon until Monday and they will then leave for Philadelphia, their future home.

COREN-HARRIS. MACON, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—At 5 o'clock this afternoon there occurred at the synagogue one of the most brilliant marriages that has taken place in Macon in some time. Mr. A. S. Cohen, of Savannah, was wedded to Mrs. Belle Harris, of Macon. The church was elaborately decorated and the scene presented was most beautiful.

The groom is a prominent and wealthy citizen of the city, and the bride is one of Macon's most beautiful and charming young ladies. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Harris.

Rabbi Mendels, of Savannah, performed the ceremony in a beautiful and impressive manner. The following were the attendants and the order in which they entered:

Mr. Ike Block and Miss Diana Dannenberg; Mr. Ed Steinheimer, of Atlanta, and Miss Emma Roos, of Savannah; Mr. and Mrs. Max Lazarus and Miss Rosa Thorne; Mr. Aleck E. Harris and Miss Eva Meyer, of New York.

The groom's mother, Mr. J. L. Newman and Mrs. Harris, mother of the bride.

The groom and his mother.

The bride and her father.

Messrs. S. Binswanger, A. Lazarus, Max Harris and S. Lazarus acted as ushers.

The two flower girls were Estelle Newman and Evaline Thorne.

From the church the bridal party repaired to the rooms of the Progress club, where an elegant reception was tendered them.

Mr. and Mrs. Cohen leave in the morning for New York and will sail immediately for Europe.

The bride last evening presented each of her bridesmaids with a handsome gold ring.

Public Library Entertainment. MACON, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—A most delightful entertainment was given at the building of the Public Library tonight. A small admission fee was charged to raise funds with which to furnish the library.

General Gossip. MACON, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—The well-known car inspector, Mr. W. V. Davis, is quite sick at his residence on Second street.

Several northern parties are here trying to interest Macon people in the erection of a large shoe factory. It is very probable that a well-known firm will be the leaders in the movement. These gentlemen have visited a number of cities in the south, and prefer Macon to any they have yet visited. Such a factory in this city would be of immense importance to the city, and it would be a place to which to sell their products.

It is probable that Major R. F. Lawton, of this city, will leave in a few weeks for Europe. His object is to interest English capitalists in a scheme to erect a new system of waterworks here. A large supply of the water has been found on his place near the city, and the water, which is said to be bold and clear. Mr. John Furman, who is in the city today, expects to go to Europe soon to try to secure English capital in the development of the tin mine in Sapulpa.

A difficulty occurred this afternoon in Tybee, one of Macon's very tough suburbs, in which a negro boy named Charlie Durham was badly cut by another negro named Harry Jenkins. Jenkins fled, but the cut negro was arrested and is in the barracks.

[It is but just to Mr. John T. Boffinlet, the Macon correspondent of THE CONSTITUTION, to state that in a recent article on the proposed trip of the Southern Cadets to Kansas City, a misnumbering of his pages made him say that the citizens of Macon would raise a subscription to "set up United States army officers." The latter phrase was intended to be used in an entire different connection, but a wrong numbering of the pages brought the phrases together, and thus made a statement which Mr. Boffinlet would not entertain.]

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEWARK, N. J.

CLARENCE ANCIER, STATE AGENT, 23½ Whitehall Street.

ORGANIZED 1845. ASSETS OVER \$45,000,000.

The Company is 45 years old and since organization has paid to Policyholders - \$107,532,701.67 And now holds for their protection 45,236,963.29

A total of \$152,769,664.96 While it has received from them only 127,234,361.40 A gain over premium payments, after paying all expenses of, 25,535,303.56

The Company issues the BEST contract of any Life Insurance Company. The convertible policy has been endorsed on it in plain figures, 1st option, cash surrender value; 2d option, amount that may be borrowed from the company on the policy; 3d option, extended insurance for full amount of policy; 4th option, paid-up policy value. The company pays LARGE ANNUAL dividends, (which can be used either to DECREASE future premiums, or INCREASE the amount of insurance), which is infinitely preferable to "Tontine" or "20 Year Distribution" policies, on which you have to wait 20 years before receiving any dividends, and in case of death the lapse during this term, you LOSE all your dividends. The Mutual Benefit pays larger premiums as is shown by the following table, taken from the "The Spectator Company," which company bears the same relation to insurance as Bradstreet or Dun to mercantile affairs. The table states the ratio of dividends to premiums of the companies SINCE ORGANIZATION:

MUTUAL BENEFIT, N. J. - 29.5 per cent
Manhattan, N. Y. - 17.9 per cent
Mutual Life, N. Y. - 22.6 " "
Aetna, Conn. - 15.8 " "
Equitable, N. Y. - 15.3 " "
Washington, N. Y. - 13.4 " "
New York Life, N. Y. - 17.1 " "
United States, N. Y. - 9.5 " "
Northwestern, Wis. - 20.7 " "
Union Central, O. - 4.2 " "
Penn Mutual, Penn. - 23.8 " "
Mutual Life, Ky. - 12.2 " "

Below will be found a showing of ACTUAL RESULTS on policies issued in Atlanta, during past two or three years:

David H. Dougherty—\$10,000 Ordinary Life Policy, Cost the first year \$425.00
Cost the SECOND year (over 21 per cent off) 334.40

R. B. Bullock—\$10,000 Ordinary Life Policy. Cost the first year \$585.40
Cost the SECOND year (over 21 per cent off) 460.38

Wm. M. Scott—\$10,000 Ordinary Life Policy. Cost the first year \$462.40
Cost the SECOND year (over 22 per cent off) 467.70

Green B. Adair—\$10,000 Life Policy, 15 Payments. Cost the first year \$627.50
Cost the SECOND year (over 18 per cent off) 509.00

Daniel O. Dougherty—\$10,000 Life Policy, 10 Payments. Cost the first year \$637.99
Cost the SECOND year (over 15 per cent off) 538.18

Jacob Haas—\$5,000 Life Policy, 10 Payments. Cost the first year \$377.70
Cost the SECOND year (over 15 per cent off) 276.00

W. A. Hemphill—\$5,000 Life Policy, 10 Payments. Cost the first year \$346.40
Cost the SECOND year (over 15 per cent off) 261.00

Don't be misled by ESTIMATES! Don't gamble with Life Insurance! See that your policy is a fair business contract, which will give you value for your money, whether you live or die, whether you keep your premiums or not. If you think it wise to gamble, in hope of winning other people's money, notwithstanding you run a corresponding chance of losing your own, there are other methods more attractive than "Tontine" life insurance, where you won't have to wait so long for the end of the game, and the expenses won't absorb so much of the profits if you win! To such as desire insurance with the least possible outlay of cash, the Company offers the privilege of the 30 per cent LOAN PLAN. Under this plan, the Company agrees to accept a uniform cash premium of 70 per cent of the full rate, the remaining 30 per cent being charged against the policy as a loan to be met by dividends, or to be deducted from the face of the policy at death, if it should not previously have been paid off in cash or by dividends.

Don't take ASSESSMENT insurance!—It is TEMPORARY, UNCERTAIN and UNRELIABLE. It professes to sell life insurance for such a price, that a member must live 150 years to pay in as much as he takes out. The absurdity of such pretensions proves the IGNORANCE or DISHONESTY of the management. Examine the record and plans of the "Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company," and you will find that a policy in that Company will meet every reasonable requirement, and will give you exactly what you are looking for.

For full information, call on Agents of Company, or

CLARENCE ANCIER, State Agent for Georgia and South Carolina, Office 23½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

P. S.—I take it for granted that every reasonable man who has responsibilities resting on him (and who has none?) is unhappy without life insurance. If there are any so blind and selfish as not to see and appreciate the benefits of insurance, this is not intended for them.

THE GEORGIA DOCTORS' NOTTINGHAM, ALA.

DISCUSS A NUMBER OF IMPORTANT SUBJECTS.

The Annual Convention in Brunswick Largely Attended—Dr. Westmoreland, Jr., Delivers the Address.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—The Georgia doctors are here today.

The body was increased in number by twenty more members, who arrived on this morning's train.

Promptly at 9 o'clock, L'Arroso opera house was the scene of the convening of the second day's session. The minutes of yesterday's meeting were read and confirmed, after which the regular order of business was taken up.

The first business transacted was the reading of a most interesting paper by Dr. Samuel C. Benedict, of Athens, the subject being "Aseptic vs. Anti-septic Surgery." Dr. Benedict's paper was liberally discussed by Drs. H. F. Campbell, Robert Battey, Eugene Foster, W. F. Holt, and W. F. Westmoreland, Jr.

At 11 o'clock Dr. H. McHatton, of Macon, gave his views on railroad surgery. Dr. McHatton's paper was highly complimented, and was discussed by Drs. W. P. Nicolson, T. M. Holmes, E. P. Taylor, E. L. Hillsman and W. F. Westmoreland, Jr.

At 12 o'clock Dr. W. F. Westmoreland, Jr., the orator of the day, delivered a comprehensive and entertaining address, after which the association adjourned until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when the meeting was again called to order for routine business. A paper was read by Dr. R. P. Moore, entitled "Female Trephana," a source of trouble liable to be overlooked in our gynecaeological investigation.

This paper was discussed at length by From 5 to 6 Dr. C. H. Neblee read a paper from subject, "Hyperaesthetic Endometritis." This was also enthusiastically talked of. From 6 to 7 Dr. Hull read a paper from the subject, "Rate Experience with Erysipelas in Eye Surgery," which was listened to very attentively by all present.

The grand banquet is now in session in the spacious dining hall of the hotel Oglethorpe. The tables are pronounced by all the physicians to be more beautifully arranged than they have been at any previous meeting. The table is horse shoe style, with seats for more than two hundred guests. Wines are now flowing and eloquent addresses being delivered by chosen orators from all parts of the state. The occasion is indeed a brilliant one, that will long be remembered. The festivities will last to an early hour. The programme for tomorrow concludes the meeting, and it is indeed an interesting one.

Phosphate Found Near Macon. MACON, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—Breezy hill is situated a few miles from Macon, at the end of Vineville. In fact, it is a suburban retreat of this city. Breezy hill is owned by Mr. H. F. Edwards. An English mineralogist has discovered, and it is rumored, a rich and large deposit of phosphate rock on Breezy hill. A great fortune seems to be in sight for Mr. Edwards.

Will Speak in Albany. MACON, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—Hon. Hugh Washington has been elected Memorial Day orator at Albany, on the 25th. He has accepted, and the talented Macon lawyer will deliver an eloquent and beautiful oration. Judge Washington is one of the coming men of Georgia.

First Methodist Church. The revival services continue with great interest. Dr. Lettwich will lead the meeting at 8 a. m. today. He also holds a children's meeting at 4 p. m. Services at 7:30 p. m.

The Fifty Dollars Paid. GRANTVILLE, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—P. H. King, an escaped convict, was captured on the evening of the 14th near Lafayette, Walker county, Ga., by F. M. Osburn, who received \$50 reward for him.

English in Name and Fortune!

American in Activity and Industries.

Grand Sale of Lots

Next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, April 21st, 22d and 23d,

AT AUCTION!

Nottingham has an elegant hotel, and all visitors will be entertained

FREE OF CHARGE!

Nottingham

Situated in the heart of the Mineral Region of Alabama, with a dozen or more industries, such as furnaces and other large industries in proportion, it will be the best town for investment in all this section.

Nottingham has only four miles to build to reach the great L. & N. System—on the main line of the E. T. V. and G.

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\$2 A YEAR.
SENT TO ANY ADDRESS.
ATLANTA, GA., APRIL 18, 1890.

Why Not Call It by Its Name?

Our esteemed contemporary, the *Sandersville Progress*, has the following:
The controversy between the *Macon Telegraph* and the *Atlanta Constitution* resulted in the *Telegraph* passing as usual. It has come to a pretty pass that gentlemen cannot engage in an argument of any kind without resorting to such unbecoming language.

Why not call a spade a spade? It would have been an easy matter to have taken an indirect route to reach the point that we were after, but we are of the opinion that the best way to meet a lie is to shoot straight from the shoulder.

We do not propose to be lied about and then quietly to argue the question.

Taking in the Territories.

The republican scheme of forcing unfledged territories into the union moves the *Boston Globe* to remark that it is "degrading to statehood," and compromising national dignity. For instance, Wyoming, with only 18,000 voters and a comparatively small population, will have two senators and a representative, and Idaho about the same. Our contemporary cites the fact that neither of these territories "has anything like the 152,912 inhabitants required to secure one representative under the present legal appointment." But, as Nevada, with 35,000 people, has a representative, it is presumed that the territories now under consideration will get there, too.

Of course there is no national need which is supplied by the admission of these territories, and the motive of the republicans in forcing them into the union is clearly a selfish and partisan one, a big bid for votes, of which they will feel the need later on in the political season.

The waning influence of the party in states which have been always strongly republican has set its leaders to thinking and devising new schemes to sustain its falling strength; so in the guise of virtue and disinterested patriotism they are reaching out to the far corners of the country and getting what they can.

But things sometimes work contrarily. What appears to be a republican evil now may yet result in a democratic good. When a new political era dawns on the country, as it certainly will, we may put these new states to excellent democratic uses.

Trying to Degrade Silver.

Some of the eastern organs carry their opposition to silver somewhat beyond the limits of prudence. Here is the *Springfield Republican*, for instance, throwing away its usual caution, and asking such questions as these: "Is the republican party preparing to desert the cause of honest money? Will its leaders in congress venture to endorse the free coinage of seventy-five-cent dollars?"

Now this is an announcement by a reputable paper that the money people are receiving and paying out is made up of seventy-five-cent dollars. If the readers of the *Republican* didn't know as much about the question as the editor, or even more, they would probably be very much disturbed in their minds.

The *Republican*, we will state, is an honest newspaper, but it is employing the arguments of organs that are not honest. If all the people could be convinced that the silver dollar was worth only seventy-five cents, the country would be practically ruined. A tremendous panic would ensue, and while Wall street and the eastern speculators would get their pickings, in the long-run they would suffer with the great mass of the people. The editor of the *Republican*, while he is attempting to degrade the silver dollar, continues to receive it for subscriptions and to pay it out in his business on a gold basis.

We should think that the monetarists would be a little more modest in their prophecies and predictions since their experience with the Bland law. Everything they said in regard to the probable results of that bill turned out to be false. They said gold would be driven out of the country and out of circulation; but there is more gold in the treasury and more in circulation than ever before. They said that the silver dollar would be depreciated, and that serious financial disturbance would ensue; but the silver dollar is as good as the gold dollar, and the whole country is enjoying unexampled prosperity.

We should think that these things would put to shame the organs of Wall street. Silence is sometimes mistaken for modesty, and surely the monetarists could employ this convenient shield to cover their ignorance.

A Directory Wanted.

An exchange calls attention to the fact that while the interest of the entire country is centered on the mineral regions of the south, and there are daily discoveries of valuable deposits in many localities, as yet no book has been written which contains a directory of these minerals, and full information as to where they can be found, etc.

While the people of the mineral regions have been very liberal in advertising their interests in the newspapers and have thus attracted universal attention, still it would help them to have their wares catalogued in a more permanent and ample form, which would be a "Guide to Wealth" to parties contemplating a trip to the south with a view to engaging in our enterprises. The *Manufacturer's Record* is of opinion that the

man who compiles such a directory will make a handsome profit and considerable reputation by his work. Who will undertake it?

A Bubble Pricked.

The following statement of Messrs. George P. Rowell & Company, in a letter to *THE CONSTITUTION*, will explain itself:

Our application to you for a circulation report was made October 21st, 1889. Early in January, 1890, when our Georgia forms for the "Directory" were sent to press, no report had been received.

This will, of course, explain the injustice done *THE CONSTITUTION* in the newspaper directory of Messrs. George P. Rowell & Company, just issued for the year 1890.

We promptly filled the circulation blank enclosed to us, and returned it with the sworn report of our circulation. Of course, not having received it, Messrs. Rowell & Company are not to be blamed for having misquoted us.

Had our report been received before the directory was printed, it would have shown that the daily *CONSTITUTION* has, by far, the largest circulation in Georgia, that the *SUNDAY CONSTITUTION* has twice the circulation of any other newspaper in Georgia, and that *THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION* has twelve times that of any other newspaper, daily or weekly, published not only in Georgia, but in any half dozen states around us.

So much for circulation. As to the merit of either one of its issues, daily, Sunday, or weekly, *THE CONSTITUTION* has nothing to say, further than that we refer the public to the columns of either of the three.

They speak for themselves.

The Exposition Fund.
The third day's subscription to the exposition fund is disappointing. Instead of being the largest it is the smallest day's work, and would indicate a lack of interest in the exposition.

THE CONSTITUTION urges the citizens, and especially the business men, to respond at once and liberally to the call of the exposition directors. The exposition is the greatest advertisement Atlanta could have. It will bring thousands of visitors here, many of whom will return and invest, and all of whom will spend money. The directors cannot bring these people to the city without the funds with which to put the exposition on its feet.

Let every business man in the city respond today and make the exposition of 1890 a certainty.

Republican Recklessness.

Mr. Randall proved to be his death-bed, Mr. Randall severely criticised the McKinley tariff bill. Though he was in favor of reasonable protection to American Industries, his judgment could not tolerate nor his experience endorse this blundering and vicious measure. What the country demands is tariff reform, but the republicans, instead of responding to that demand, are adding to the inequalities of the tariff and increasing the taxes that are unnecessary.

One item is enough to show the blundering and vicious intent with which they have gone about framing a new tariff bill. Their measure repeals the duty on sugar, and gives to producers a bounty which, it is estimated, will increase taxation \$65,000,000 annually. Under the circumstances, this amounts to robbery of the people, pure and simple. The duty on sugar was not a protective duty, and the result of it went into the treasury and was employed to aid in carrying on the government. There is no justification whatever of the bounty, which not only adds to the taxes of the people, but abolishes the large revenue derived from the sugar duty.

This is merely a specimen of the republican tariff bill. It is another attack on the pockets of the people. It is thoroughly riddled and exposed by the minority report prepared by the democrats of the ways and means committee. This minority report has been carefully prepared and covers all the objections to the McKinley bill. In the fall elections it will serve as a formidable campaign document, and it will be effective in 1892.

Democratic prospects were never brighter than they are today. The arbitrary rulings of Speaker Reed, the rapid movement in the direction of centralization, the recklessness and wastefulness with which the republicans are disposing of the people's money, the declared intention to control elections in the south—all these things are opening the eyes of the people to the fact that the party in power is a revolutionary party that must be voted out in the interests of good government.

So Runs the World Away.

The New York Herald's report of the coming marriage of Miss Winnie Davis and Mr. Alfred Wilkinson, of Syracuse, New York, may or may not be true, but it will be the talk of the continent, unless a speedy denial of the rumor reaches the public.

Such a marriage would excite unusual interest. It is not because the bride is fair, nor because the groom is manly that people are talking about the expected wedding. The two are endowed with all the gifts and graces that a pair of lovers should have to make their romance complete, but Americans feel an interest in this young couple entirely apart from their personality.

We cannot forget that Miss Davis is the "Daughter of the Confederacy," while Mr. Wilkinson is the grandson of Samuel Joseph May, the famous abolition leader who took his life in his hand to wage war against slavery at a time when his mission was most unpopular.

It will set people to musing and reflecting. A generation ago, a stern Puritan in the far north went to work with all his energy to bring on the death grapple with the south. He was watched by a cavalier equally stern and resolute, who fired the southern breast, and bore himself as a chieftain in the fray. And now the grandson of the one and the daughter of the other are to wed!

It is like a chapter in the history of the "Wars of the Roses." Of what use is it for men to hate each other, and meet in the shock of battle, and slay without quarter, when their children are going to marry and be given in marriage to each other? Peace hath her victories, and their music

sometimes rings out in a "Wedding March." It was always so. After the battle comes a season of merrymaking. The oriflamme of war gives place to orange blossoms. Behind the ranks of shining steel, charging on each other are singing maidens and gallant lads whose hearts are filled with love, and whose hands will be joined at the altar. The fathers make war, but their children make love to each other, and through it all comes peace.

If the Daughter of the Confederacy and the grandson of her father's ancient foe are to be married the world will wish them all happiness. There may be more wisdom in the love that binds them than there was in the hate that kept their sires apart with the smoke of battle between them. So be it!

The surplus is how small enough to rattle around in Mr. Harrison's grandpa's hat.

THE SAVANNAH TIMES thus commends Mayor Glenn's veto of the measure allowing a woman to conduct a saloon.

Mayor John T. Glenn, of Atlanta, is not a woman's rights man. He does not believe the fairer sex should be allowed to enter bar rooms, and has just refused a license to a woman to sell liquor in his veto addressed to council. He says: "There are other good reasons, too, why the woman sinks she goes lower than a man. She comes more depraved, and the police of any city will testify that there is more disorderly conduct in and about drinking dives kept by women than around those kept by men. An American bar presided over by a woman is the resort of the most disreputable element, and more crime is connected here than in a dozen ordinary barrooms."

The truth of the matter is, the press generally has many very warm words for "our Tom," who is making a mayor of whom all Georgia is proud.

SPEAKER REED elects republican congressmen now-a-days with his little gavel.

MR. HARRISON'S home organ is in favor of the free coinage of silver. This fact is calculated to cause the Wall street organs to have fainting spells.

It is given out that an Italian count spanked his rich American wife because she wouldn't give him money to pay the barber. The life of a countess seems to have its drawbacks.

JAKE KILPATRICK is arranging for a series of sparring matches. He will be a badly used up man if he doesn't get amateurs to face him.

This starch trust proposes to make things stiff.

It is now given out that Browning used to log-roll with critics. In matters of this kind the greatest are the weakest.

MRS. HARRISON, it is said, holds a bouquet to prevent people from shaking her hand.

THE BRITISHERS should bear in mind that steam-ground meal will not make good corn bread.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

NO NAME MAGAZINE is authority for the state that a prominent Boston newspaper says the majority of its readers never heard of Pope, Addison, Dryden, Swift, Goldsmith and other famous poets of the last century.

THE NEW YORK STAR says: The ups and downs of fortunes were well illustrated in a news item yesterday, which announced the sale of "Idlewild," the beautiful summer home of the late N. P. Willis, at Cornwall, N. Y., and its conversion into a private lunatic asylum. It is not so many years ago that "Idlewild" was one of the famous places of the land. Willis at that time was more than popular, and made money rapidly. He was hospitable, and made his home the headquarters of a veritable army of bright people of all classes. So strong was his hold upon the popular heart that it was accounted a high honor to be introduced to him, and a still greater one to be invited to his home. His popularity vanished almost in a night when he was found to be involved in the Forrest divorce. The sale of his books dropped down, and publishers and editors who had competed eagerly for his work of his pen soon turned upon him a very cold shoulder. Through some freak of the public he was detected by the friends of Forrest, who believed that he had betrayed a friend and broken up a happy home, and denounced by the supporters of Mrs. Forrest, who had believed that he had compromised an innocent woman, in order to free her husband from an unhappy marital relation. A calm consideration of the case today shows that Willis was not guilty on either count, but that he was innocent in time, and helped him before he died. Now all the things and places that he held dear are gone, and with him his pet "Idlewild." Willis was not the only man injured in that great lawsuit. The late Colonel J. M. Foreney, of Philadelphia, took an active part in the bitter and vindictive litigation on the great side, and as a result incurred such odium that when he was a candidate for a place in Lincoln's cabinet a storm of indignation met the proposition, and he was turned down.

GENERAL BEN BUTLER says that he means to die fighting. His forthcoming book is expected to be very explosive.

THE GEORGIA EDITOR AT HOME.

Some of the Georgia editors are in a wrangle, and their columns are livelier than ever.

A Georgia editor advertised in his paper this week for a lost umbrella. The faith of that man could remove mountains.

They are now naming babies after the editor of the *Atlanta Banner*. The babies appreciate the compliment by hurrahing vigorously.

The editor of the *Cuthbert Liberal* is the only war editor who is not a "colonel." But let no one infer from this that he was only a private in the army. He was made a "colonel" the moment he enlisted.

The editor of the *Tallahassee Dispatch* says: "In accordance with the time-honored custom of country papers, at this season, we will state that the poetry in our issue, under the Dispatch's waste-basket is ready for contributions."

"The Evening Post" is its name, and it made its appearance in Brunswick Wednesday afternoon. It is a neat and newsy seven-column folio, Kent & Frost publishers and proprietors. *THE CONSTITUTION* wishes it success.

There is blood on the moon. Editor Turner, of the *Albany News* and *Advertiser*, thus replies to Douglass Glessner, of the *Griffin News*, who recently made a newspaper attack upon him:

We stated last week that we would never notice such a person again in the columns of our paper, and that if the attacks were of such personal nature as demanded notice we would answer them personally. That is the answer we shall make to this scurrilous attack.

"We were not in last week," writes a Georgia editor, "when Major Brown called to settle his bill. He was determined to pay us, however, so he slipped the dollar under the door. Our printer found it and left for parts unknown. We have been hunting him for the past four days, but have failed to find any trace of him; but we will catch him yet, and have a bitter reckoning!"

Hence the Demand For Boot-Jacks.

Every dog has his day. The night, however, are still reserved for cats.

PEOPLE HERE AND THERE.

BUTLER. General Ben Butler will attend the twenty-fifth anniversary of the restoration of the union flag over Sumter.

BISMARCK. Prince Bismarck has 103 decorations.

Is worth \$50,000.

THOMPSON. Maurice Thompson says good meat and good cooking are hard to find in the south. He has forgotten his old days in Georgia.

GINTER. Major Ginter, of Richmond, has made \$17,000,000 out of cigars.

DAUDET. Alphonse Daudet is a victim of chronic rheumatism.

LOVE RULES ALL.

"THE DAUGHTER OF THE CONFEDERACY" TO WED A SCION

Of a Pioneer Abolitionist—Miss Winnie Davis, the Favorite Child of the Late Jefferson Davis, Is Engaged.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 15.—The Herald correspondent has verified a report of a very interesting nature, which has materialized into a fact of great significance and cannot fail to attract the widest attention in both Europe and America. In a word, it is the crowning event of the great rebellion. It is nothing more or less than the announcement made to very intimate friends here of the marriage of Miss Winnie Davis, the oldest daughter of Jefferson Davis, the late president of the southern confederacy, to Mr. Alfred Wilkinson, of this city, the grandson of Samuel J. May, the great abolitionist leader.

HERALDED BY THE GARRULOUS DAME.
Dance rumor has for a long time past whispered of the possibility of such an event coming to pass, but it was only when Mr. Wilkinson returned from Europe a few weeks ago that the rumor began to assume tangible shape, and it was only within a day or two ago that one Mr. May's bosom friends was apprised of the engagement.

The event is of more than ordinary significance owing to its bearing on the birth and fall of the rebellion. This marriage, when accomplished, will unite two families who have been heretofore the most implacable political foes, and to whose efforts the fierceness and fervor of the rebellion are largely due.

The life of Miss Davis is too well known to be repeated here, but the story of Mr. Wilkinson's parentage is comparatively unknown. He is a son of John Wilkinson, a very prominent figure in local history, and the grandson of Samuel J. May. The name of the Rev. Mr. May is one of the bright gems in the abolition sky, for he was the pioneer, with Garrison, Emerson, Phillips and Longfellow, in the great work for the abolition of slavery.

Not only in the United States, but in Europe also, did he fight for the abolition cause. In Great Britain especially, Mr. May lectured upon slavery to large audiences. After his removal to Syracuse, Mr. May continued to be very active and prominent in promoting the anti-slavery reform.

He soon became known far and wide as a fearless and uncompromising abolitionist. Hundreds of men, women and children, fleeing from bondage and bound for Canada, came to him for protection and help, and they never came in vain. He assisted many to escape, among them being the celebrated Jerry McHenry, whose liberation created such a sensation, the anniversary of which was celebrated for several years.

MR. MAY'S PART IN ABOLITIONISM.
As the meetings of the abolitionists, shortly before the declaration of war, were violently assailed in Boston and other cities, the mayor of Syracuse, recently received by Mr. May, prevented the holding of a meeting here, lest it should provoke a riot. Twenty of the most influential gentlemen of Syracuse, nearly half of whom were his parishioners, addressed a letter to Mr. May telling him that they were credibly informed that organized and forcible efforts to prevent the holding of the abolition convention would be made. Probably this was one of the severest tests of Mr. May's loyalty to his own convictions.

Before the hour appointed for the convention riots took possession of the hall which Mr. May had hired for the convention and he was roughly used, the meeting being prevented and Mr. May was burned in effigy in Hanover square.

It was not long afterward that the firing upon Fort Sumter put an end to such proceedings in the free states. It is this man's grandson who is to wed the "Daughter of the Confederacy."

A ROMANTIC COURTSHIP.

The story of the courtship is most romantic. Miss Winnie Davis came north some four years ago to the city of New York, to reside with Mr. D. McCarthy & Co., in this city. It was her first visit to this old abolition stronghold, and she was consequently quite anxious to meet the society of Syracuse. At one of the receptions given her in honor, she was introduced to Mr. Alfred Wilkinson. It will be remembered that Miss Winnie received a very cool reception in one or two houses here, and this treatment of the "Daughter of the Confederacy" is said to have brought her and Mr. Wilkinson in very close relations.

He represented the coolness shown her and gallantly championed her cause. The friendship thus engendered between them blossomed into love in due time. Miss Winnie later on went to Europe with a cousin of hers, and is still there.

Mr. Wilkinson some two months ago crossed the ocean to see Miss Davis and spent several weeks with her sight-seeing on the continent and pressing his suit. When he returned they were betrothed.

Mr. Wilkinson is a bright and promising young lawyer here, about twenty-eight years of age. His law partner is Mr. Albert Hoy. Their business is almost entirely confined to the real estate of the city. He is a fair, but Mr. Wilkinson is not a rich man. It is a love match. The young man, however, moves in the very best society here and stands high in the estimation of the community.

NO DATE SET YET.

The actual time for the wedding has not been set, but it is understood that the date will be in the near future. It is vaguely hinted that there is no very remote connection between the European trip and the wedding troupe.

Whether or not the wedding of Miss Davis has been apprised of the coming wedding is not known, but it is believed that some of them at least are still in blissful ignorance of the affair. Among the few friends of Mr. Wilkinson here who know that the wedding is an assured fact there is the greatest surprise. That the representative children of the north and south should thus come together is to them like the reputed love of God "surpassing all understanding."

POLITICS IN THE STATE.

HON. B. S. WALKER has been mentioned as a probable candidate for senator from Walton county.

The friends of Mr. T. G. Hudson, of La-Crosse, are urging him to make the race for representative from the First district.

Hawkinsville Dispatch: Mr. W. J. Mullis, president of the Pulaski County Alliance, will make the race for senator from this, the fourth, district, and that Mr. J. O. Baskin, a prominent abolitionist, is out for representative.

Whether or not Baskin will submit his claims to the voters in the democratic primary elections is not known, but it is believed that some of them at least are still in blissful ignorance of the affair. Among the few friends of Mr. Wilkinson here who know that the wedding is an assured fact there is the greatest surprise. That the representative children of the north and south should thus come together is to them like the reputed love of God "surpassing all understanding."

SEEKS DANGER AHEAD.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: There is danger of a serious injury being done to our section, in comparison with the exclusion of cotton oil from the market. This danger is in the bill now before congress to tax out of existence American contracts for future delivery of cotton. Unless the restriction can be applied to the whole world the enactment of the bill now before congress will injure the south by giving to the English spinners and speculators the privilege of fixing the price of our chief crop.

Great Britain is cheap raw material, and it is not likely that her influence will be exerted to enforce the price to the American cotton planter.

Contracts for future delivery are as legitimate a protection to many lines of business as life or fire insurance, and the future of congressional legislation on this purely business matter will be as much affected by the action of the honorable body as other matters.

We are not informed. I hope your influential paper will protest against this effort to give to England a monopoly of the cotton trade by fixing the price of our most important crop.

APRIL 17, 1890.

L. F. LIVINGSTON.

The Rome Tribune says of the speech: "The Rome Tribune makes an able and powerful and perfectly fair argument in favor of the policies and principles of the Farmers' Alliance. We were agreeably disappointed in the dignity and candor with which he handles the subject at issue, and surprised with the unusual force and ability with which he presents them. Colonel Livingston has been subjected to much criticism by different papers throughout the state, and the Tribune does not pretend to say how much better there has been for this criticism."

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APRIL 17, 1890.

L. F. LIVINGSTON.

friends feel the same way. Judge Bolling, Whitefield is also understood to be in the race, but I am not sure that he will oppose Colonel Postell. But there is an element among the voters of Glynn county that has grown wonderfully during the past few years, and I understand it is the purpose of this element to put out a candidate. I refer to the labor unions. I was told last night that the labor unions were seriously considering the advisability of asking Edwin Brobst to run as their candidate. I haven't heard Brobst express himself, and I don't know whether he will be a candidate or not. But there is no doubt about his being taken into consideration. "Isn't Jake Dart going to be a candidate," I inquired. "I don't know, but I don't think he will be. But there is a movement to send Jake Dart to congress."

GEORGIA FARMERS.

An exchange says that if Georgia farmers will stick to hog and hominy they will be sold when the frosts of winter come.

Newton County Farmers' Alliance has accepted an invitation to meet with the Almon alliance on the second Friday in July next. It being the time for the regular quarterly meeting of the county organization.

Sparks Ithaca: If the Farmers of Hancock supplied the grain and meat markets of Hancock there would always be more money in circulation in the county. Instead of that, however, they are themselves patrons of the grain and meat markets of the west.

An exchange says the alliance warehouse at Griffin, Georgia, has received nearly two thousand bales of cotton this season. It has \$4,500 in bank and all expenses paid, and has declared a dividend of forty-five cents per bale, which amount goes to the members of the alliance.

The Wilkes county alliance has adopted the following resolution: "That it will support no candidate for the legislature who will not pledge himself to vote for and use his influence to have the law so amended that hereafter no member shall not exceed \$200 for one session, and that no member shall receive pay during his absence from his post of duty; furthermore, that any member who receives a free pass upon any railroad shall thereby be disqualified for serving longer as a member of the legislature."

GENERAL GEORGIA NEWS.

Work on the buildings of the American Iron works will be commenced next Monday.

The Thomasville Times-Enterprise offers one year's subscription as a premium for one copy of the Times dated October 22d, 1887.

The Albany News and Advertiser suggests that the citizens contribute to the Memorial Day for the erection of a commemorative monument in that city. The Ladies' Memorial association will probably take the matter in charge.

The Odd Fellows of Marietta will celebrate the seventy-first anniversary of their order on the 25th of April.

Sheriff Gordon, of Wilcox, has made a good bond, which has been reported to the governor, and he will receive his commission.

Mr. J. T. Daly, Jr., of Pulaski county, has a state seal which was used in the year 1790. The old seal is attached to a plat and grant to lot of land No. 263 in the 21st district of the county.

The survey of the new railway from Hawkinsville to Grovania is progressing nicely. The camp outfit of the engineers has been moved to within two miles of Grovania.

Hon. J. S. Hook, state school commissioner, will visit Hawkinsville on Tuesday, the 13th day of May, and deliver an address on the subject of education.

A subscription list is in circulation for the erection of a cracker factory in Americus. An option has been secured on a complete second-hand outfit, and the indications point to the speedy establishment of the factory here.

Lincoln county is stirred up over the railroad situation. It is offered now three different roads, but its heart seems to be fixed on a line to Augusta, via Appling and Hartree.

THE FRUIT GROWERS.

YESTERDAY'S CONVENTION AT THE CAPITOL.

Hon. R. A. Nisbet Explains the Purpose of His Motion Exchange and the Meeting Then Adjourns.

The Georgia State Fruit Growers' association and Middle Georgia Shippers' union met in the department of agriculture yesterday. The meeting was called to order by Judge John D. Cunningham, president of the Fruit Growers' association, who explained fully its objects.

The delegates present were:
J. D. Cunningham, Jr., Orchard Hill.
J. D. Cunningham, Jr., Orchard Hill.
J. H. Parnell, West Point.
J. D. Husted, Vineyard.
J. L. Hughes, Vineyard.
J. J. Southernland, Pomona.
S. Y. Wayman, Pomona.
L. S. Stanley, Griffin.
H. W. Hasselkirk, Griffin.
R. J. Redding, Experiment.
Rudolph Oetzer, Vineyard.
W. H. Whiddy, Atlanta.

H. P. Emery, Atlanta.
G. A. Rauspeck, Decatur.
C. F. Fairbanks, Decatur.
J. C. Bucher, Decatur.
Dr. G. M. Eberhart, Decatur.
G. F. Benjamin, Chattahoochee.
Joseph Seitz, Chattahoochee.
R. A. Nisbet, Macon.
J. D. Crawford, Macon.
N. E. Camp, Moreland.
F. S. Curran, Moreland.
A. S. Stanford, Barnwell.
At 12 o'clock the association adjourned until 2 o'clock.

Mr. S. M. Wayman, secretary of the Middle Georgia Shippers' union, proposed the following order of business:

The discussion of the benefits of co-operation, plans of co-operation, and a permanent organization.

Colonel R. J. Redding suggested that as all believe in the benefits of co-operation it would be wise to omit the discussion of this item.

The subject of railroad transportation was then taken up and Colonel J. J. Griffin, of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, who was present by invitation, gave a practical talk on the subject of transportation. It would solve all difficulties, he claimed, if the purchasers were brought down to the home of the produce, and if shipments were concentrated at one point a special schedule could be obtained.

Colonel Steve R. Johnson, of the Queen and Crescent route, also presented the claims of his route in an eloquent manner.

The subject of forming an organization was discussed, and a committee was appointed to draw and suggest orders.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
The convention, after a full and complete explanation from Colonel Nesbitt, president of the Georgia Fruit and Vegetable exchange, reconsidered all action looking to the formation of another exchange, and the subject of the exchange was then taken up.

During his visit to Atlanta Mr. Waterson will be handsomely entertained at a reception in his honor.

Last Wednesday Mr. Waterson delivered his lecture in Memphis, and here is what the Appeal says of it, editorially:

We hope the new Memphis theater will be crowded every part tonight, the attraction being Mr. Henry Waterson's lecture on "Money and Morals." Mr. Waterson is as felicitous on the platform as he is brilliant in the columns of his great newspaper, the Courier-Journal. He has the art of entertainment in the highest degree. The eloquence, the thought, the humor that mark his treatment of the theme chosen for the lecture tonight have captivated his audience wherever he has delivered it since entering upon his present tour. The subject is pertinent to the great question that now divides the minds of the preachers, the editors, the politicians, and the communists of the day. Is there too much work given to money-making? Are we too much wedded to the golden calf? Why should there be competition between labor and capital? What right has the church to the money market? With the whole nation engaged in the pursuit of wealth, where lies and what is the duty of the clergy? Mr. Waterson is one of the clearest of thinkers, and he is one of the most brilliant of lecturers, when he has such questions to consider. The mechanic and the farmer, the merchant and the clerk, the preacher and the politician, the rich and the poor, will be given much to think about tonight if they shall attend Mr. Waterson's lecture.

A BRAKEMAN'S DEATH.

His Neck Broken by a Fall From a Central Train.

There was a sad death near Jonesboro yesterday. P. H. Stevens, running on the Central road, was knocked off, or fell off, about a mile beyond Jonesboro yesterday morning. He was a brakeman, and was not missed until the train arrived in Jonesboro, when some employe on the train remarked that Brakeman Stevens was missing.

A search was at once instituted, and Stevens was found near the railroad track, with his neck broken.

The body was placed on the train and brought to the city. Undertaker Wylie and Barclay took charge of the remains and the funeral will occur today.

Mr. Stevens was a brother of the supervisor of this division of the Central road, and was a most capable man in the performance of his duties.

AN ACTOR'S GRIP.

MacCollin Sprains His Ankle and Goes through His Part on a Stick.

Last evening, just before the performance at the opera house, Mr. A. W. P. MacCollin, the leading male character in the opera company, sprained his ankle in going up the steps.

The injury was a very painful one, and at first thought to be serious.

Mr. MacCollin insisted upon taking his part, and he was compelled to use a walking cane for support, but brought it off in so natural a way that it was taken with the limp as a part of the make-up.

Mr. MacCollin is always good, and played up to his reputation last evening. Considering the circumstances, his staying on the stage was heroic.

Fulton's Co-operative Store.

I will meet the sub-alliances in Fulton county, accompanied by State Secretary R. L. Burks, and other distinguished allies, who will address the brotherhood on all principles, and especially upon the Fulton county co-operative store. I therefore request each president to call his all-ally attendance at the following times, and urge a something good for you. All appointments below will be at night, 7:30 o'clock.

Atlanta alliance, Tuesday, April 22.
Peachtree Hill alliance, Thursday, April 24.
Mr. Perin alliance, Monday, April 25.
Hammond alliance, Wednesday, April 30.
Peachtree Park alliance, Friday, May 2.
East Point alliance, Monday, May 5.
Cornell alliance, Wednesday, May 7.
Mr. Gilead and Ben Hill alliances will meet both at Atlanta, Friday, May 9.
Battlesville alliance, Wednesday, May 11.
Hampden alliance, Friday, May 16.
Hampden alliance, Friday, May 16.
Hampden alliance, Friday, May 16.

President Fulton County Alliance.

Captain R. W. Bonner, of Macon, highly recommends Brewer's Lung Restorer for consumption.

TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE.

THE POLICE CALLED TO PROTECT CITIZENS FROM A WILD ANIMAL.

A Wild Cat Rampaged in the Streets of Atlanta Is Shot to Death by Two Police Officers.

A wild cat in the streets of Atlanta. Yesterday morning about 7:30 o'clock, there was a general alarm over in the neighborhood of No. 71 Courtland street.

The alarm was one of a peculiar nature, and half a dozen negroes were panic-stricken by the appearance of a wild animal on the streets.

Potterman Thrasher and Graves were notified, and they pursued the intruder to the residence of Mr. Bony Miller at No. 71 Courtland street, where it came to bay.

The policemen fired twelve shots at effect, "killing" it and three of them took effect, killing it.

When dragged out it proved to be a large wild cat, beautifully spotted, and supposed to be one of the wild cats that had escaped from the zoo at Grant park.

The cat was a magnificent specimen of the genus and was full grown and spotted like a catamount.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

The New Tax Year Begins on the First Day of May.

It is important for those paying internal revenue taxes to remember that the 30th of April is the end of the tax year.

Returned should be made to Collector W. H. Johnson in Atlanta, or to the deputy collector of the division.

A certain form—known as No. 11—must be filed next Monday, to before some officer authorized to administer an oath. If the form is not filed as required, the offender will be compelled to pay a penalty of fifty per cent of the amount of his tax, and will be liable for carrying on business without a stamp.

The former may be had upon application to the collector.

The issue for the new year begins on the 21st of April—next Monday. All deputy collectors throughout the state are supplied with special tax stamps and will visit most of the important towns of the state to issue stamps to taxpayers.

Collector Johnson expresses himself as anxious to give all possible accommodation and convenience to those interested.

There are about 25,000 of these tax-payers in the state of Georgia.

All of those residing in Atlanta will do well not to wait until May 1st, but come to the revenue office and get their stamps any time after the 21st of April.

The following notice by Commissioner John W. Mason may be of value to those liable for these taxes.

Every person or firm engaged in the business of the manufacture or sale of fermented liquors, stills, distilled spirits, tobacco, snuff, cigars, or cigarettes, and oleomargarine, must each year register the name, residence, place of business, etc., with the collector of internal revenue of the district, and procure and keep conspicuously displayed in the place of business the proper special tax stamp required by law.

Persons paying a special tax for a fractional part of a year will be liable from the first day of the month in which they commence business to the end of the special tax year, except in cases of oleomargarine commencing business after July 1st, when they will be liable from July 1st; and if they fail to make return to the collector or deputy collector of the district where located, before or during the month in which business is commenced, the commissioner of internal revenue is required by law to assess a penalty of fifty per cent of the amount of special tax in addition to the tax and the collector of internal revenue of the district must in all cases collect the same.

Whenever a firm is changed by taking in a new partner, the new firm must pay another tax for the balance of the special tax year.

In case of removal from one place of business to another, the business specified in the special tax stamp may be carried on at the new place, provided the owner of the special tax stamp shall register such removal with the collector of the district, and shall procure from him the proper stamp on the special tax stamp showing such removal.

ON TRIAL FOR RIOT.

The Superior Court Takes Up the East Point Case Yesterday.

Yesterday afternoon the trial of the men indicted for whipping the East Point negroes was begun in the superior court.

After the jury had been struck the case against Mr. E. C. Bruffey was the first put on trial.

When court adjourned the trial had only begun, two witnesses having testified.

A negro named Jones, one of the men who was whipped, was put on the stand. He testified that on the night charged a party of men had knocked at his door, and when he opened it they caught him, and carrying him outside gave him a severe beating.

After that he said he moved away from that part of the country, and has not lived there since. He did not recognize any of the men who did the whipping, and would not know them again if he met them.

When Mr. Glenn Waters was put upon the stand there was considerable discussion between the state and the defense as to the admissibility of his evidence.

A copy of THE CONSTITUTION containing the account of the whipping was handed the witness for identification by the solicitor-general.

Objection was made to the introduction of this evidence, and upon argument Judge Clark ruled it out.

Judge R. T. Dorsey, Mr. Albert H. Wells, Jr., and Colonel Albert Cox represented the defendant, and Solicitor-General Hill was seconded by Messrs. James L. Mayson and W. D. Hill.

The case will be continued today.

TRANSACTIONS IN REAL ESTATE.

Messrs. A. J. West & Co. sold for Mr. P. P. Pease ten acres on West Peachtree street for \$15,000; a tract of six and a half acres on Belt railroad for Mr. F. P. Rice to Mr. Frank West for \$1,800, and a lot on Juniper street to Mr. Humphreys Castleman for \$2,650, and one on Cherry street to Mrs. C. E. Jackson for \$750. They also sold a lot on Cherry street to E. C. Wilson for \$750, two lots on Cherry and West Third street to Captain George B. Forbes for \$1,000, tract of seven and a quarter acres on Belt railroad to Mr. L. C. Ransom and A. O. Headley, of New York, for \$1,800, two lots on Juniper street to Mr. W. H. Sayre for \$2,400, lot on Currier street to Mr. W. H. Sayre for \$2,000, and another lot on Juniper street for John M. Moore to Miss Fanny Sayre for \$1,200.

A charter has been granted to the Metropolitan Real Estate company.

The directors of the company are H. T. Inman, H. Smith, Jacob Haas, D. A. Beatie, Moses Adler, R. T. Dorsey, E. Rich, Aaron Haas and M. A. Smith.

Next Tuesday a meeting of the directors will be held for the election of officers.

At DeGiv's.

A large audience witnessed the repetition of Falka at DeGiv's last night by the MacCollin opera company. This opera seems to grow in popularity the oftener it is heard. Tonight's performance will be given. This opera is the best in the MacCollin repertoire. It is one of the best comic operas ever produced. The music is far above the average of comic opera scores. It has been one of MacCollin's greatest successes. But there were more performances by the famous company. The houses should be packed at each of the three remaining performances.

Wanted.—A good appetite. You can have it easy enough by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It tones the digestion and cures sick headache.

PERSONAL.

C. J. DANIEL, furniture, wall paper, window shades, 42 Marietta street. Telephone 77.

General Passenger Agent B. W. WREN, of the East Tennessee, with his private secretary, Mr. J. J. Farnsworth, are here.

MR. PAUL JONES, of Louisville, Ky., formerly of Atlanta, will be in the city for several days.

This is the latest.

If you desire to be in good form use the real business note paper, and or unruled, sold by the pound at John M. Miller's, 31 Marietta street.

Copenhagen, Tuesday, 22d.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY IN CONDENSED FORM.

Leaves from the Notebooks of Constitution Reporters—Notes of News and Gossip—Street Scenes and Incidents.

Mr. Mayer Better.—Physicians pronounced Hon. David Mayer's condition considerably improved yesterday, and his friends are very hopeful of his early restoration to health.

A Well-Known Physician Dead.—Dr. Moses Quinn, for years one of the most prominent physicians in his section of the state, died Tuesday, and was buried Wednesday, at his home in Whitfield county.

A Veteran Conductor Sick.—The many friends of that veteran conductor, James Purcell, of the Georgia railroad, will regret to learn of his serious illness at his home in Augusta. His condition is such that only members of his family are admitted to his room.

The Arnold Case.—In the trial of Colonel Rube Arnold, Jr., brother of Mr. Frank Arnold, and Mr. R. Arnold, Jr., Hon. John Clay Smith made one of the finest speeches that he has ever delivered before a jury. Mr. Smith is a young lawyer, of bright promise, and has many friends in the city who rejoice over his success.

Calanche Division U. S. R. K. of P.—All members of Calanche Division No. 2, U. S. R. K. of P. are earnestly requested to meet at their armory tonight, 12th instant, with sword and belt. Business important. By order sir knight captain, J. C. Carlisle, sir knight recorder.

In the United States Courts.—In Judge Newman's court, yesterday, the case of Mrs. S. J. Ransom, a damage suit against the Richmond and Danville, was taken up.

The grand jury returned two true bills yesterday. One was against John Gilbert, charged with perjury, the offense said to have been committed before Commissioner Gaston, at Gainesville, in a moonshine case. The other true bill was against Christopher Clark for resisting an officer.

To Secure a Telescope.—The young ladies of the High school will give a musical entertainment on the evening of the 23d of April. The money secured will be devoted to the purchase of a telescope, or other thing they may deem necessary. The notice of the performance has been written in old English and is charmingly suggestive of the old times. Every entertainment given by the young ladies of the High school has been a success and the coming one will be no exception to the rule.

The Cars Again in Order.—The Fulton Electric cars are again in perfect running order and the public is glad. The trouble which lasted two days, was caused by a trouble with the larger engine, which had to be repaired. The other engine which is used in case of emergency is liable to become over-heated and the cars then have to be stopped until it can be cooled down.

Some Prominent Visitors.—Captain W. G. Raul, president of the Mexican Central railway, Mr. L. D. Crawford, of the Hotel Janier, Macon, and Hon. R. A. Nisbet, secretary of the Georgia State Agricultural association, were at the Knaball yesterday.

Captain Raul is in most excellent health, though his cheeks are browned by the tropic sun. Mr. Crawford says that Macon and the Lanier are flourishing, and Mr. Nisbet is as enthusiastic as ever on the subject of the state fair.

Will Speak in Alabama.—C. H. J. Taylor, Atlanta, well known colored attorney, has been invited to deliver the annual address before the State Normal and Industrial college at Huntsville, Ala. This institution is maintained by the legislature of Alabama, and is one of the foremost colored colleges in the south. Principal W. H. Council, in his invitation, says: "We regard you as one of our deepest and broadest thinkers as well as a purest and truest, and shall always be glad to show our appreciation of your merit." The invitation has been accepted, and the address will be delivered May 27th.

The School Fire.

ATLANTA, April 17.—Editors Constitution.—In your report of the fire at Boulevard school you made a mistake which I hope you will correct. There was no danger from the blaze whatsoever, as everyone who understands our system of ventilation must know. The children were badly frightened, and in that fact lay the danger lay. The principal did not wait for Chief Joyner but gave orders to the children to get out of the building. The chief was then telephoned, the children were dismissed, the fire extinguished, and order prevailed throughout the whole. Respectfully, ANGELO T. ADAM, Principal of Boulevard School.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

At Wholesale by H. C. Boynton and Shropshire & Dodd, Atlanta, Ga.

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IN THE HEALTHY HIGHLANDS OF NORTH-EAST GEORGIA.

No Malaria! No Mosquitoes! No Saloons!

BEST LOCATION FOR SUMMER HOMES, PERMANENT HOMES,

AND FOR BUSINESS.

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES ESTABLISHED!

Four wood-working factories are now building. Many other industries are being arranged for, and will soon be built. Splendid water powers, all to be utilized in driving machinery. Fine iron ore in abundance. Plenty of hard-wood timber available for manufacture.

HOMES AND PLEASURE.

Fine mountain scenery; beautiful wooded drives; no mantic winding streams; foaming cascades; clear, cool springs; attractive building sites; cool, pleasant summers. Just the place for Summer Homes, Winter Homes and All-the-Year-Round Homes.

HEALTH.

Statistics have proven the country in which DEMOREST is located to have the lowest death-rate of ANY PART OF THE ENTIRE NATION. There may be many healthy locations. THERE CAN BE ONLY ONE HEALTHY.

RAPID DEVELOPMENT.

One has but to visit DEMOREST to be convinced of the certainty of its prosperous future. Started only a few months ago with no population or improvements, the evidences of steady and sure growth are daily multiplying. Having a full city government, it is sure of good order. Saloons, gambling and prostitution are forever excluded by clause in deeds. These features are attracting the best of citizens.

AN EXCELLENT SCHOOL, conducted by experienced teachers, is open all the year.

PRICES of lots and stock are steadily advancing. Parties wanting the best investment should buy soon. For pamphlets and particulars, address

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DEMOREST, HABERSHAM COUNTY, GEORGIA.

Or address or call

ATLANTA OFFICE: 62 SOUTH BROAD STREET

Chicago Office: 91 La Salle Street, Room 10.

St. Louis Office: 212 Broadway Street, Room 3.

THE SCHOOL TO CLOSE.

THE ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE TO CLOSE.

Mrs. Ballard Wishes to Retire to Private Life and Will Lease the Building—It May Be a Hotel.

Mrs. J. W. Ballard, principal of the Atlanta Female Institute and College of Music, has decided to sever her connection with that institution.

When the doors of the institute close on the young ladies next commencement day in June, in all probability they will never open again to receive them back as students.

The school may pass into other hands, continuing in its present high standard, but the chances are that it will cease to exist when Mrs. Ballard retires at the close of the present term.

Mrs. Ballard has under consideration several propositions from prominent educators who desire to take up the work she has followed so successfully in the founding and up-building of the Atlanta Female Institute.

She is also considering propositions from other parties who want the magnificent home of the school for a different purpose.

The institute may be converted into a hotel. In fact, it will be if one of the propositions from those who desire to lease the school, its good will and equipment, is closed by the end of this week.

Mrs. Ballard has determined to retire from the school, but, of course, is naturally averse to allowing it to fall through entirely. She is anxious to lease it to parties whose purpose is to continue its existence, and has done her best to attain that end.

Under her accomplished management the Atlanta Female institute has become known all over the country. Last year's annual catalogue was applied for in thirty states, and the boarding pupils now attending the school represent almost all of the southern states.

Mrs. Ballard has been identified with the educational interests of Atlanta for a score of years. She, at one time, taught in the public schools, and her private school was the first for the higher education of young ladies ever established in Atlanta.

Nine years ago, a number of public-spirited citizens, recognizing her ability as an educator, and the benefit which such an enterprise as hers could be to the city, organized a stock company and built for her the present handsome and valuable home of the institute.

From that time on the school has run a useful and brilliant course, and Mrs. Ballard has bought in the stock and now owns the building and commodious grounds, the value of which runs far up into the thousands of dollars.

She has gathered around her an admirable staff of instructors in all the branches of study. From the first the school took first place in its music and art departments, as well as in the languages and classics. In fact, Mrs. Ballard was a pioneer in the cultivation of musical taste, and the Atlanta Female Institute was the first school in the state to have a regularly organized art department.

Professors Barill and Sternberg were introduced to Atlanta through Mrs. Ballard's school.

Most of the present teachers in the school have been connected with it for years, and many of them have already accepted other offers, and will retire from the institute along with Mrs. Ballard.

Professor Sternberg, the professor of music, has accepted a call to Philadelphia. He will leave for that city when the institute passes from the control of Mrs. Ballard.

Mrs. Ballard's reason for giving up her school is that she desires to be relieved of such grave responsibility and retire to private life. She has contemplated the step for a good while, but her action was precipitated by the heavy taxes which she was required to pay. Recently she has been required to pay both state and county taxes for nine years, the law holding that the property was not exempt.

Mrs. Ballard states that under such a heavy burden of taxation as the value of the property entails upon her she is not justified in continuing the school, notwithstanding the fact that it is now in a more prosperous condition than it has ever been.

If the institute should cease to be, Atlanta will lose one of her proudest and most useful institutions.

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KENTUCKY CENTRAL.

THE DEFINITE ANNOUNCEMENT THAT ITS PURCHASE

Is Concluded At the Same Meeting That Ratified the Purchase of Three Other Railway Systems.

The East Tennessee owns the Kentucky Central.

The announcement is made authoritatively. The deal is one of great commercial importance to Atlanta, aside from the interest that attaches naturally to a transfer of so many miles of railroad.

For a long time an announcement of the purchase of the road has been expected. The East Tennessee wanted it, and the Louisville and Nashville wanted it.

The main line of the Kentucky Central is 157 miles, from Cincinnati to Lexington, with a branch road nineteen miles long to Lexington; another thirty-four miles long to Rowland, and the Mayville branch of fifty miles, making a total of 290 miles.

The lease of the Queen and Crescent gives the East Tennessee a line into Cincinnati.

The purchase of the Kentucky Central practically gives it two lines between Cincinnati and Chattanooga. From Lexington—the present terminus of the Kentucky Central—there is a gap to Jellico, another East Tennessee terminus. This must be filled in to make the second through line from Cincinnati to Chattanooga. The Louisville and Nashville now runs a line between Jellico and Lexington, but the lease of this is regarded as out of the question, and the East Tennessee will probably have to build their own line between these two points.

The Atlanta and Nashville. [Special.]—Hawkinsville gave today to her Atlanta visitors. The people are aroused over the promising prospect of being linked with the capital.

Hon. E. P. Howell made a stirring speech in behalf of the Hawkinsville and Florida Southern railroad, and he met with a hearty response. Captain R. F. Maddox stated that the Atlanta and Florida was looked upon as fixed; that 104 miles of excellent roadbed was now in operation, and paying, and now they wanted deep water connection at Hawkinsville, and the timber and melons of the wire grass to carry.

On the part of Hawkinsville, speeches were made by Hon. J. W. Jordan, Captain R. W. Anderson, Captain J. D. Stetson, J. B. Mitchell and E. G. Lewis and E. N. Jelks.

A subscription book was opened for the stock and at this hour the citizens have pledged themselves to a sum almost equal to the amount asked of them by the proposition that he would subscribe half as much stock as the people of Hawkinsville would raise without limit.

The Empire and Dublin Railroad company are now extending rapidly to the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad in Houston county, with Fort Valley as its ultimate limit. The proposed line will extend southward from Hawkinsville, through Wilcox, Irwin, and Coffee counties, and on to Atlanta. It will cross the Savannah, Americus and Montgomery railway in the neighborhood of Rochelle or the new mammoth mill of Mr. Gress. The Atlanta visitors, Hon. E. P. Howell, Hon. R. F. Maddox, Hon. G. V. Gress and Mr. C. J. Haden, were entertained by Captain J. D. Stetson, and left by private conveyance to inspect the route of the new line. The people of Hawkinsville are very enthusiastic over the outlook, and before another year Hawkinsville will shake hands with Atlanta and the north country.

Cincinnati, Selma and Mobile. At this same meeting, when the purchase of the Rome and Decatur, Queen and Crescent and Kentucky Central by the East Tennessee was confirmed, another road was quietly passed into the possession of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia. That is the Cincinnati, Selma and Mobile. It is sixty-eight miles long from Selma to Akron.

That connects two branches of the East Tennessee—the Alabama division running through Selma, and the Great Southern through Akron.

The Rome and Decatur. The Rome and Decatur is to be extended to Decatur.

At once. The announcement is made definitely. For a long time there has been talk of extension somewhere, and now it is known definitely that the work will begin at once.

The Georgia, Carolina and Northern.

ELBERTON, Ga., April 17.—[Special.]—General Hoke, president of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern railroad, is in Elberton, looking after the long lines of work going on in the county, and second with the rapid progress being made by the contractors. General Hoke says that the contracts for grading, bridging, etc., have been let out to responsible parties within five miles of Athens; also that the steel rails have been purchased, and are lying at Pittsburg ready for shipment; and that as soon as the bridge across Broad river, in South Carolina, is completed—which will only be a few days—the track will be put down immediately to the Savannah river, and then, so soon as that bridge is completed, right on through to Athens and Atlanta.

Columbus Southern.

The Columbus Southern is now operated by the Columbus Southern Railway company. Chief Engineer Green presented his certificate that the road was completed, and it was turned over by the Chattanooga Brick company to the directors, who accepted it. The road is now owned and operated by the Columbus Southern Railway company. The directors elected Mr. S. F. Parrott general manager.

Official notification has been given that, commencing on May 1st, there will be a mail service established from Columbus by Odell, Cusseta, Green Hill, Richland, Weston, Parrott, Dawson and Sasser to Albany. This will be a great convenience to the merchants, as the old service carried by the above named points, and the mail was only delivered on the return trip. This service is known as a conductor's service. With a mail agent on this route the service would be much better.

Danielsville's Road.

The people of Danielsville are elated. In eighteen months, at farthest, they will be tied with the outside world by iron bars.

This railroad will not be over eight miles long, and be built upon the old money of the Augusta and Chattanooga. There will not be a stream to cross, or a cut or embankment over six feet. It is a natural road bed, graded by the Great Architect of our universe, from Danielsville to Mr. Bob Russell's place, where it will tap the Georgia, Carolina and Northern. A charter for the road was filed by the Athens Tuesday night, and will be at once applied for. Dr. George Daniel agrees to grade a mile of the road, that passes through his land, and enough money to get it ready for the iron and rolling stock can easily be raised when the people interested learn that it will be no water-haul. Athens is vitally interested in the building of this road, and Danielsville will subscribe liberally.

Middle Georgia and Atlanta. Colonel Machen is in Savannah now. He is quoted as saying that the contract has been let in four sections for the first ninety miles of the Middle Georgia and Atlantic from Savannah to a point south of Swainsboro. Rights-of-way are being obtained as rapidly as possible, and as soon as the surveying corps tractors in locating the line, work will begin in Savannah, and will be pushed along the entire distance as fast as the engineers go forward.

In reply to the question how long before the work will begin there, Colonel Machen said that it will be a matter of a few days at farthest, and possibly of only a day or two, as the contractors are already here, and only waiting for their men and equipments.

"And you expect to lay iron from the Savannah end of the line?"

"Yes; the iron has been rolled. Hereafter

we have been getting it via Brunswick, but that route has been abandoned, and we have ordered the iron to come to Savannah hereafter."

What about building the line from Macon to Savannah? Colonel Machen was asked. He replied that the first ninety miles of the road will answer for both of his lines, as the Macon and Savannah will connect with the Middle Georgia and Atlantic in Emanuel county, somewhere south of Swainsboro, and one track will be used from that point to Savannah. He says that rights-of-way are being secured for both lines of railway, and both will be built. Work is being pushed from Macon to Covington, which is under contract.

Back to Atlanta.

The many warm friends of Mr. Miles Turpin will be glad to welcome him back to Atlanta, where he will locate as the representative of the Louisville Southern railroad. Mr. Turpin is the general freight and passenger agent of the Louisville Southern, and will make Atlanta his headquarters.

Under One Head.

The fast schedule from Albany to Griffin, over the Columbus Southern and Georgia Midland roads, will go into effect next Sunday. The fast train will probably leave Albany at 2 p. m. and arrive at Griffin at 8 p. m. Close connections from Florida points will be made at Albany, and the fast train will connect at Griffin for Atlanta and all points North and East. This will open up a new route from Albany to Atlanta.

The grading of the Middle Georgia and Atlantic railroad was commenced in Covington on Thursday last, the 10th of April, 1890. The contractors are the Messrs. King Bros. of Indiana, who have a well equipped force, and are now moving the dirt with all possible vigor.

It is stated positively that the Fort Payne and Eastern road will come to Summerville, and those acquainted with the topography of the country know that the most natural route from Summerville to Gainesville is through Snake Creek Gap, and this would bring the road directly to Calhoun. From Fort Payne to Summerville is twenty-one miles, Summerville to Calhoun twenty-three, Calhoun to Jasper thirty, and Jasper to Gainesville thirty-five miles, making the whole distance from Fort Payne to Gainesville only one hundred and thirty miles.

The status of the Carnesville road is given thus: The citizens of Carnesville and vicinity have subscribed the sum of \$6,500, and the different alliances in the county have subscribed the sum of \$425, making a total of \$6,925. From the best estimation that could be made, it is supposed that \$7,000 will finish the grading, build the bridges and trestles and put the road ready for operation. It may possibly take \$500 or \$1,000 more. The amount necessary can be raised, but it is all that can be done. The track must be laid and the iron and rolling stock must be furnished by some railroad company, or some outsider.

AN OLD MAN PARDONED.

Thomas L. Stalkner Is Allowed to Return Home to Die.

The executive department issued a pardon yesterday to Thomas L. Stalkner, who was sentenced in 1873 to serve a life sentence for murder in the Burke superior court.

The reasons for the pardon were that Stalkner was sentenced principally on circumstantial evidence, and after his incarceration the principal witness against him acknowledged on his death-bed that his testimony was untrue and was given because of a personal hatred to the prisoner.

Another reason given in the pardon was that Stalkner is now over seventy years old, and his health is so bad that the doctors say he can only live a few days longer, and it was thought best to let him die with children and grandchildren about him.

The petition for the old man's release has been on file for several years, but no action was taken until yesterday.

Death of Dr. Hape's Mother.

Mrs. Sarah Hape, the mother of Dr. Sam Hape, of Hapeville, died at her home at Kirkwood, last Wednesday night, after a very brief illness.

Mrs. Hape moved from Maryland to Georgia eighteen years ago. She was in her eighty-seventh year at the time of her death, and had many years been an earnest Christian, and a member of the Baptist church. She was the mother of sons and daughters who grew up to love and honor her, and her noble traits of character won for her many warm and devoted friends.

The funeral will take place today at Oakland. I have been a sufferer from weakness for eight years and tried many remedies that did me no good. My father got me to try Bull's Sarsaparilla, and before I had taken a half bottle I felt a great deal better. I now enjoy a regularity of habit that has not been the case for many years.—Sarah E. Keller, Ottawa, Kas.

W. F. Parkhurst.

Accountant and commercial examiner. Partnership books and public accounts examined and settlement made. References furnished. Office 27½ Whitehall street.

Cypress shingles \$3.25 per 1,000, delivered. Atlanta Lumber Co. ap 18 4 m

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Forecast for Georgia.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Indications for tomorrow: Fair; clear in northern Georgia; stationary temperature; variable winds.

SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 17.

All observations taken at the same moment of actual time at each place. Observations taken at 8 p. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, at each place.

STATIONS.

	Barom.	Therm.	Wind	Relat. Hum.	Weather.
Meridian	29.96	66.58 W	12	38	Partly Cloudy
Pensacola	29.88	72.94 W	8	22	Cloudy
Mobile	29.90	70.65 S	Light	30	Cloudless
Montgomery	29.86	70.60 W	Light	38	Cloudy
New Orleans	29.16	66.30 W	Light	36	Cloudy
Galveston	30.02	66.58 W	8	30	Cloudy
Palestine	30.02	66.42 N	Light	30	Partly Cloudy
Corpus Christi	29.98	66.42 N	Light	30	Cloudy
Brownsville	30.08	66.00 NE	26	3.38	Raining
Rio Grande City					

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

(Local Time.)

TIME OF OBSERVATION.	Barom.	Therm.	Wind	Relat. Hum.	Weather.
7 a. m.	30.08	44.44 E	8	40	Light Rain
7 p. m.	29.94	46.46 E	8	40	Foggy

Maximum Thermometer..... 49

Minimum Thermometer..... 44

Total Rainfall..... .56

JOHN FITZGERALD, Observer.

SPRING HUMORS, whether itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusty, simply, or blotchy, whether of the skin, scalp or blood, with loss of hair, whether simple, scrofulous, or hereditary, from infancy to old age, are soon speedily, permanently, and economically cured by that greatest of all known humors cures, the

Cuticura Resolvent

A skin and blood purifier of incomparable purity and curative power. An acknowledged specific of world-wide celebrity. Entirely vegetable, safe, innocent and palatable. Effects daily more great cures of skin, scalp, and blood humors than all other skin and blood remedies before the public. Sales greater than the combined sales of all other blood and skin remedies.

Sold everywhere. Price \$1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORP., Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Spring Humors."

HUMORS

Mar-18-90-in fri-tue-100 m m and why.

"More money is to be made safely in Southern Investments than anywhere else." Hon. William D. Kelley, Penn.

GREAT LAND SALE

AT

CARDIFF,

ROANE COUNTY, TENN.,

On the Queen and Crescent Road and Tennessee River.

THE CARDIFF COAL AND IRON CO.

(Chartered by the state of Tenn.) CAPITAL \$5,000,000.

HON. B. B. SMAILEY, Burlington, Vt. President.

W. P. RICE, Fort Payne, Ala., Vice-President.

H. C. YOUNG, CARDIFF, TENN., Vice-President.

DIRECTORS:

W. P. RICE, Fort Payne, Ala.; B. B. SMAILEY, Burlington, Vermont; GEN. JOSHUA L. CHAMBERLAIN, New York City; HON. ROBERT FRITCHARD, Chattanooga, Tenn.; CHARLES L. JAMES, of James & Abbot, Boston; HON. CARLOS HEARD, Biddeford, Me.; HON. JOHN M. WHIPPLE, Claremont, N. H.; T. G. MONTAGUE, Pres. First National Bank of Chattanooga, Tenn.; HON. J. F. TARBATER, Rockwood, Tenn.; HON. S. E. PINGREE, Hartford, Vermont; HON. WILLIAM WARNER, Kansas City, Mo.; H. C. YOUNG, of Cordley & Co., Boston, Mass.; DR. J. M. FORD, Kansas City, Mo.

—WILL HOLD A—

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HUMORS

Mar-18-90-in fri-tue-100 m m and why.

ATLANTA MACHINE WORKS

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS!

L. H. BECK, President. JOHN CAREY, Sec. and Treas. W. COOK, Supt.

Boilers, Smoke Stacks, Tanks, Shaftings, Pulleys, Hangers, Saw Mills, Mill Gearing, Gold Mining Machinery, and Castings of all descriptions. General Repair Work attended to promptly.

Cornet Georgia Railroad and King Sts., Atlanta, Ga. Telephone No. 56.

LADIES' PEERLESS DYES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.

They dye everything. They are sold every where. Price 10c a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package, or for Freedom of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crack or run; do not color. For sale by

Bradfield and Warr, druggists, 26 Whitehall st.; Sharp Bros., druggists and apothecaries, 202 Marietta st.; M. B. Avery & Co., druggists; Schumann's pharmacy, 63 Whitehall and 17 Hunter streets; L. Sance, apothecary, Ga.; J. H. Cox, druggist, Ga.; L. Sance, apothecary, Ga.; J. H. Cox, druggist, Ga.; L. Sance, apothecary, Ga.; J. H. Cox, druggist, Ga.

WHITE-HOUSE AGENTS WANTED

For the new and improved COOK-BOOK.

By WHITE HOUSE STEWARD. COOK-BOOK. Every Family Requires It. Sent by Mail. Price 10c. Sent by Mail. Price 10c. Sent by Mail. Price 10c.

Address: R. R. Thompson Publishing Co., 21, 1925, 1st St., New York, N. Y.

SPECIAL TRAVELING

Life Agents Wanted

In certain southern states. Men who can give evidence of their successful experience and good results, can make liberal salaries contracts with the BROOKLYN LIFE INS. COMPANY.

So. N. Liberty St., New York City.

ap 18-90-in fri

MILES CITY

AUCTION SALE

70 CHOICE LOTS!

SATURDAY, APRIL 19th at 2 p. m.

Call at our office for Plats, which are now ready. Free transportation. Take Georgia Pacific train, leaving Union depot at 1 o'clock on day of sale.

KEMPTON & CUNNINGHAM

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

NO. 6 EAST ALABAMA ST., ATLANTA, GA.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer

23--Copenhill Lots--23

HIGHEST EMINENCE. BEAUTIFUL NATURAL TRACT. ARTISTICALLY LANDSCAPED

TRAVERSED BY ELECTRIC CARS

TUESDAY, April 22, 1890, at 3 p. m.

I will sell upon the premises 23 of the choicest selected lots of the

Copenhill Land Company.

Situated in Northeast Atlanta, on that beautiful historical hill immediately north of Inman Park. This is the first of a series of sales to be held by the Copenhill Land Co., who own about 200 acres of picturesque park land, on which they intend to deny nothing that brains, money and art can do to render it the most recherche residence park in the south. The landscape engineering is under the supervision of Major Chas. Boeckh, who has a corps of workmen NOW AT WORK, and for two past months, grading wide, winding avenues, trimming groves, sharpening residence lots, and interspersing the whole tract with picturesque fack spots and silvery spring lakes.

B. P. C. E.

A full assortment of Elk Badges, Buttons, etc.
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW
JEWELERS.
101-103 N. W. Cor. 1st & 2nd Sts.

PILES

Cured by your own hands. Itching, bleeding, prolapsing, and all other troubles relieved at once, and a permanent cure guaranteed by using **DANIEL WOLF'S MEXICAN PILE CURE**. 50c. Druggists or mail. Manufactured by Mexican Pile Cure Company, Fitten Building, Atlanta, Ga. Other remedies relieve, ours cures without pain. March 19-dtf

OPIUM

and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent free. **H. M. WOOLLEY, M.D.** Atlanta, Ga. Office 109 1/2 Whitehall St.

DIAMONDS,
DIAMONDS,
DIAMONDS.
WATCHES,
WATCHES,
WATCHES.

Everything in our line at the very lowest prices. Save money by looking at our stock.

A. L. DELKIN & CO.,
93 WHITEHALL STREET.
Feb 16-dtf 1st col 8 pg

STUART'S

Gin and Buchu.

1 more sick man tries it.
8 friends follow his example.
9 people made well & happy.
0 yes, you can be cured also.

If you have any Bladder, Kidney or other urinary trouble,

Stuart's Gin and Buchu

Will cure you. Sold by all druggists.
April 12-dtf 1st col 8 pg

H. L. WILSON, - AUCTIONEER

94--LOTS FOR SALE--94

-At Auction.

Thursday, April 24, at 3 p. m.

ON THAT HIGH HILL FRONTING MORRIS, Sycamore, Carlisle and May streets. These very desirable lots are in the eastern portion of the city, giving a grand view of the Copenhill property and human park, which lies beyond. The big car factory lies just south of this property. Locality that parties are bound to seek investments in this beautiful and healthy locality. You will never be able to buy as cheap as right now. Expensive improvements are being made at this time that will enhance values in the future as to surprise you. The electric railroad on Highland avenue, one block away, furnishes cheap and rapid transit. Motored men are placing their trust in this neighborhood, which means profits. Come in and get a plat, examine for yourself, and attend the sale.

Terms, one-third cash, balance 6 and 12 months, 8 per cent.

H. L. WILSON,

Real Estate Agent,

3 KIMBALL HOUSE, PRYOR ST.

Apr 18-19

H. L. WILSON,

Auctioneer.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS

FOR SALE

AT AUCTION!

April 29, at 2:30 O'clock, P. M.

THESE LOTS ARE JUST SOUTH OF ORMOND STREET, and is absolutely the finest and most desirable elevated and healthy portion of Atlanta. The magnificent state capitol, the pride of Georgia, fronts upon this street. Several of the first churches in the city, where thousands of our best citizens worship, are on this street. Bankers, capitalists, merchant princes live upon Washington street. 'Tis the home of our distinguished United States senator. Some of the most elegant and costly mansions ever built in the city are upon Washington street. Here is a beautifully graded and paved street, with curb stones and brick sidewalks all laid and ready for use; with street cars running through every 7 1/2 minutes.

A large amount of money has been spent in making Washington Heights the grandest and most desirable portion of the city. Washington street has long been considered to be one of the most fashionable and delightful drives in the city. You will be handsomely repaid any pleasant afternoon to drive upon Washington street and see the many elegant and stylish carriages filled with the beauty and elite of the south dashing along to the heights for a pleasant ride and to look upon our immense city in every direction. Now is your time to buy upon this grand thoroughfare. Never again will you be so cheap. None are offered at a more exceedingly liberal—1/3 cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. Should you wish to pay all cash and yet wish to build and need funds, we will advance the money for the same at 6 per cent. Call for plans or information upon

H. L. WILSON, or

W. M. SCOTT,

Real Estate Agents, 3 and 5 Kimball House, Pryor

PIEDMONT EXPOSITION.

THE CONTRIBUTIONS MADE YESTERDAY.

A Committee Appointed to Confer With the City Council on Carrying Water to the Exposition Grounds.

On account of the bad weather yesterday the committee appointed to solicit subscriptions failed to see as many business men as they otherwise would have seen.

The natural consequence was that the receipts were materially smaller than they otherwise would have been.

Secretary Arnold's books now show:

Previously reported \$2,303 50
Yesterday's subscriptions 425 00

Total \$2,728 50

SUBSCRIBERS.

Orr & Glover	10 00
T. R. Sawtell	10 00
J. D. Brady	10 00
F. Tye & Co.	10 00
F. J. Stover & Co.	10 00
C. A. Hauschberg	10 00
Jacob Kreis	10 00
W. E. Johnson	10 00
W. H. Brotherton	10 00
Freder & Bradley	10 00
R. M. Kutz	10 00
A. J. Miller & Co.	10 00
Thomas Kirke & Co.	10 00
J. Regan	10 00
R. C. Black	10 00
R. J. Scott & Co.	10 00
D. Morgan	10 00
J. B. Hightower & Co.	10 00
Lieberman & Kaufman	10 00
Charles Crandall	10 00
John Neal	10 00
M. K. Barton	10 00
Nickerson & McNeel	10 00
J. J. Falvey & Co.	10 00
J. M. Alexander & Co.	10 00
C. A. Hauschberg	10 00
B. F. Bennett	10 00
George W. Parrott	10 00
H. H. Richards & Co.	10 00
The Brown & King Supply Co.	10 00
H. W. Thomas	10 00
Southern Farm Tool Co.	10 00
The Star Manufacturing Co.	10 00
L. M. Ives	10 00
C. C. Mayson	10 00
Neal Loan and Banking Co.	10 00
Esley Organ Co.	10 00
Charles C. Tynes	10 00
Total	\$425 00

The weather had no effect whatever on the applications for space, and Secretary Arnold, during office hours, closed contracts with the following exhibitors:

Atlanta Rubber company for an exhibit of rubber and leather mechanical goods.
Logan, Wesley & Co., fire and burglar-proof safes.
Thomas Kirke & Co., vapor oil, and gas stoves, and R. H. Richards & Co., iron and wood-working machinery.

President Wylie also took important action yesterday relative to the water supply which is needed at the fair grounds.
He appointed a committee to appear before the common council next Monday for the purpose of impressing the necessity of laying the city water pipes to the city limits.

The committee is composed of E. P. Howell, and Messrs. Humphreys Castleman, Jack J. Spalding, G. V. Gress, and Hon. Clark Howell, Jr., chairman.

The committee is plainly show the council that the city receives the greatest benefit from the exposition, and all they request is that the pipes will be laid to the city limits, from that point the exposition company will carry them into the grounds.

THAT SPELLING BEE.

Interest Increasing and a Lot of New Names Added Yesterday.

The interest in the spelling bee continues to grow, the following names having been added yesterday: Colonel C. W. Sidel, Mr. H. L. Connor, Hon. C. K. Maddox, Dr. Sid Holland.

The words will be given out by Dr. Hopkins, and he is prepared to down the most accomplished orthographer in short order.

Dr. Armstrong will deliver the prizes in his peculiarly happy manner, and will have some appropriately soothing words for the unfortunate winner of the booty prize.

Professors Lumpkin, Lane, and Neel will act as judges, and see that no bulldozing is done. The following is a complete list of the spellers to date: Judge Buckley, Mayor Glenn, Dr. McDonald, G. R. DeSaussure, Dr. J. W. Lee, Charles A. Read, Dr. Hawthorne, Judge Hilkey, Charles E. McLeod, Albert Angier, G. N. Hurtel, E. Orchard, Hubert Culbertson, J. R. Holliday, Colonel G. W. Adair, Captain G. B. Forbes, Robert Schmidt, Alderman Woodard, Albert Howell, Jr., Julian Harris, Colonel A. J. McBride, Colonel C. C. Nichols, R. J. Wiles, Judge Calhoun, John M. Slaton, Alderman Haas, W. H. Patterson, George Hammond, Israel Jonas, Scott Thurston, J. T. Johnson, Colonel C. W. Sidel, H. L. Connor, Hon. C. K. Maddox, Dr. Sid Holland, W. F. Crusselle, Morris Brandon, W. P. Hill, A. E. Calhoun, J. E. Nutting, Alderman Howell, Colonel A. L. Harris, Governor Bullock, Alex P. Hall, Colonel A. H. Cox, B. M. Hall, C. P. Byrd, L. M. Ward, P. F. Rice, W. B. Lewis, Major J. Van Holt, Nash, Hon. H. H. Cabanis, P. H. Miller, P. H. Snook, H. C. Peeples, J. L. Logan, Jr., C. B. Howard, Jr., A. A. Meyer, E. M. Mitchell, A. P. Coledale, Judge Anderson, E. W. Blue, Ed Crusselle, Hugh N. Starnes, J. M. Johnson.

Tickets, at 50 cents, can be reserved without extra charge at Miller's.

Buy your ticket now and avoid the rush at the door.

Remember the date, Tuesday night, at the opera house.

Don't let worms eat the very life out of your little children. Restore them to health by giving Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyers.

GREAT DANGER.

They Should Be Avoided—A Few Points in Regard to Them.

When the Creator in His wrath (or for His glory) saw it to expedient His creation, His own image, from the garden of Eden. He placed on them the curse of disease and death. In after generations He visited His chosen people with many "plagues" for their disobedience, "but of all the plagues the most unpleasant disease. You need no longer fear the "knife" with all its pain and dangers, for it is unnecessary. Have laid aside all hard means and treat you by a rational treatment that when properly applied for a sufficient time will cure you. Have you fustula? If so, it is unnecessary to ask you if you wish to be cured of it. But do you wish to avoid the intense pain of a severe operation, or are you wedded to the old belief that you cannot be cured without the grid and painful means formerly employed? If you are, I have nothing to offer you. If you are not, I offer you the very latest and science can give you. I have cured many by this rational method, and I offer the same to you. Many ladies are afflicted with fustula. To all I say, do not let your timidity prevent you from availing yourself of this opportunity to obtain a cure. My arrangement for privacy are all you wish to see. Promising to verify all my claims. Respectfully, Dr. G. J. Jackson, 47 1/2 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga. sun wed fri no 3.

Get on the Train in Time

It leaves at 12 o'clock on the Georgia railroad for auction sale at Edgewood, Monday, April 19, on the grounds. Sam'l W. Goode & Co.

Southern Home
Building and Loan Association, 321-23, Broad street. Call and get pamphlet giving full information. 38-ft

Ed. L. Grant.
Sign Painter, 53 Peachtree, phone 694. Signs and banners made and shipped anywhere. Glass, board and wall advertising signs. 49-ft-dty

Scratch Plate Engraving.
We have made arrangements whereby we are able to do all kinds of scratch plate engraving at the lowest possible price. This kind of engraving is something new and shows up in a beautiful manner. We have employed special artists for this work, and are prepared to fill your order in a satisfactory manner on the shortest notice. Send for samples and prices. THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Ga. 49-ft-dty

John M. Miller
is the first to introduce the pound package note paper, ruled or unruled, dty

MEMORIAL DAY.

WHERE THE GUESTS WILL BE LODGED.

A Meeting Yesterday to Perfect the Program—The Subject of Carriages Considered.

A meeting of the managers of the Memorial Day celebration was held yesterday afternoon at Judge Calhoun's office to complete the program.

There are now two matters of great importance, concerning which the committees are somewhat exercised. One is the accommodation which will be furnished the distinguished confederate officers, and the other is the question of transportation on the day of the celebration.

Some of the generals have been provided for as follows: General Joseph E. Johnson will be entertained by Colonel Livingston Minns. General E. Kirby Smith will be the guest of Major Dan Spear. General Beauregard will be the guest of Captain Sisson. General Bergringer will be the guest of Dr. Craig, and General J. T. Anderson will stay with Colonel L. P. Thomas.

In order that there may be no delay or confusion in receiving the distinguished visitors, Hon. W. A. Hemphill, chairman of the program, and on May 3 and 4, will sell out a large number of automobiles, has issued the following call:

Any gentleman wishing to entertain the ex-confederate officers, will please communicate with W. A. Hemphill, Chairman Entertainment Committee.

The transportation question is as important as the accommodation and Judge Calhoun requests that all persons who will lend their carriages, or will offer one or more seats to the visitors, will at once notify Mr. J. P. Brady.

A STRANGE DEATH.

A Negro Porter on the State Road Dies Mysteriously.

Yesterday at noon Walter Fields died under peculiar circumstances at his home on Magnolia street.

Fields was a porter employed on the Western and Atlantic road, and Wednesday night went home in apparently the best of health.

Yesterday morning his wife was alarmed at his heavy breathing, and attempted to rouse him. He awoke in a convulsion, and that was followed by another and another, and in despite of all that could be done he continued sinking until his death occurred at noon.

His family and friends were very much mystified by the peculiar circumstances of his death, but were unable to get at any explanation.

An inquest was deemed unnecessary, as his death was apparently from natural causes, nothing having been developed that would indicate foul play.

"Rate War."

The "Missouri Pacific Railway" are selling first-class tickets to Kansas city for \$4.00 and to Denver, Col. for \$2.00, and will sell round-trip tickets to Fort Worth, Texas at just one half the regular rates, with the unusual privilege of going one route and returning another in Texas. For particulars address

A. A. GALLAGHER, S. P. A., 100 Read House, Chattanooga, Tenn. H. C. Townsend, Gen'l Pass. Agt., St. Louis, Mo. April 18-dty

The New Fast Line to Chicago.
The extension of the Missouri route via Burgin, Ky., and Chattanooga opens up a short cut to Chicago and the northwest through Louisville and Indianapolis. The finest equipment of Pullman vestibule buffet sleepers and chair cars. Inquire of your ticket agent. uchi-tf

Money to Loan.
Southern Home Building and Loan Association 31 Broad Street. Call for pamphlet. 38-ft

Granite.

We have for sale 100 acres solid granite, situated in DeKalb county, near Georgia railroad. It is the finest quality Georgia granite and will sell at a bargain. H. H. Owens, 3 Kimball house, Wall St. April 13-dty

WARE & OWENS.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS.

\$1,600—25 acres on McDonough road, good 5 room house, barn, stables, vineyard and orchard, good spring, one-third cash.

\$8,000—15 acres in south Atlanta, lies well and susceptible of advantageous sub-division. Lot 40x150, 25x100, 25x150, 25x200, 25x250, etc. Property around this is selling at \$100 per lot. A bargain in this.

\$800—50x150 W. White street, lies high and dry, overlooking the city, within a few feet of Emmet street electric car line.

\$900—50x150 W. White street, this is the most desirable lot on the street; good white neighborhood, and in the renting neighborhood.

\$775—Vacant lot on Luckie street, the only lot on the street that can be bought for less than \$1,000. There is \$200 profit in this lot within 7 days.

\$1,250—Here's a stunner! 125 feet front on Inman avenue, near Peachtree, North avenue; in line locality and perfectly level. Has every natural advantage and sure of immediate advance. If there is a bargain on the market this is one.

\$700—Here's another—50x150 West Simpson street, east front; close in; will be right on new car line. Come and see.

\$2,000—Do you want a good home? 6 r house, No. 86 East Cain street, cheap enough, 1/3 cash, or will exchange for suburban property.

14 acres on Angier avenue and Ponce de Leon avenue, that we can offer at a price that will make you buy at once. Has every natural advantage. Can make big money out of this.

400 feet on Boulevard, running through to Jackson street, and can be had at a reasonable figure. No portion of the city has grown more in favor of late than this, and justly so. It is the healthiest, the most beautiful, and destined at no distant day to be the most fashionable and the highest priced property in the city.

4 acres in suburbs, with good 4 r house and stable, fine peaches, etc.; lies well and can be subdivided to great advantage.

\$2,000—Cozy little 5 room house, the personification of comfort and happiness, corner lot, wide hall and spacious verandas. One-third cash.

\$2,000—Will take one of the handsomest corners on Luckie street, 44x200, good 4 r house, 1/3 cash, along the street. There is "good sugar" in this. Drop in, let us sing to you of its beauty and worth.

WARE & OWENS,
21 Marietta Street.

POSTPONED.

BIG COMBINATION SALE.

101 LOTS 101

MONDAY, APRIL 21, AT 12 O'CLOCK, P. M.

Grady Avenue, South Boulevard, Park Street, Home and Prospect Avenues.

H. L. WILSON AND KROUSE & WELCH
Auctioneers.

A free lunch will be spread on the grounds at precisely 12 o'clock noon, immediately after which the sale will begin. Every lot will be sold on its merits. Terms—One-third cash, balance six and twelve months, with eight per cent interest. For plans apply to

Krouse & Welch, No. 2 Kimball House, Wall Street, or H. L. Wilson, No. 3 Kimball House, Pryor Street.

TRADE MARK

S.S.S. ERADICATES BLOOD POISON AND BLOOD TAIN.

SEVERAL bottles of Swift's Specific (S.S.S.) entirely cleansed my system of contagious blood poison of the very worst type. Wm. S. Loomis, Shreveport, La.

S.S.S. CURES SCROFULA EVEN IN ITS WORST FORMS.

I HAD SCROFULA in 1884, and cleansed my system entirely from it by taking several bottles of S.S.S. I have not had any symptoms since. C. W. Wilcox, Spartanburg, S. C.

S.S.S. HAS CURED HUNDREDS OF CASES OF SKIN CANCER.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Copenhill, Tuesday, 22d.

A. J. WEST.

H. F. WEST

A. J. WEST & CO.,

REAL ESTATE,

No. 7 Pryor St, Kimball House.

We lack four names to complete the syndicate of ten, to close an option on the biggest inducement around Atlanta. Fifty per cent profit in it now. Call immediately if you wish to investigate.

67 1/2x125 Boulevard. Easy terms, \$2,700. 110x180, Ponce de Leon ave, gas, \$3,600. 147x345, Peachtree; \$11,000. 200 acre farm, well watered, 8 miles, near Chattahoochee Brick Co., \$6,000.

20 acres, Daniel Johnson road, 1/4 mile from electric car line, beyond Ponce de Leon, 3 miles out, \$200 per acre.

One lot, high and pretty, Highland ave., electric car line, \$200. 20 acres, Peachtree road, 3 miles, high location, low price, \$700 per acre.

6 1/2 acres, lovely grove, near belt railroad, north Atlanta, 2 1/2 miles from carshed \$2,100. 6 r house, lot 40x150, E. Cain street, \$2,300. Beautiful lot, 25x30, West Peachtree, \$4,500. Lot 200x400 at the junction of the two Peachtrees, \$8,000.

Handsome residence lot, 72x200, North avenue, midway between the two Peachtrees, \$5,200. 10 acres, West End, beautiful grove, fronts the new government road, \$10,000.

Lot 80x200, Peachtree, if taken soon, \$7,000. 8 r, new house complete, built by a gentleman of taste for a home, but never occupied, Mitchell street, next to Girls' High school, \$6,500.

22 acres, fronting 2,400 feet on three railroads, 3 miles out, \$10,000. 100 feet front, W. and A. railroad, inside old city limits, \$6,000.

62 1/2x150, corner Forest ave. and Fort streets, \$1,800. 50 1/2x150, joins the above, \$1,500. The finest vacant lot on the market, 125x150, one block from carshed, \$250 per front foot.

Corner lot, 100 square, two blocks from Kimball House, \$2,500. Homes and vacant lots, all sizes and prices.

A. J. WEST & CO.

G. W. ADAIR,

REAL ESTATE.

I HAVE FOR SALE A MAGNIFICENT TRACT of 39 perfect lots fronting on four streets, just south of the Georgia railroad, and 600 feet from Inman park.

Can be sold at auction at a good profit on present price. Call for pamphlet.

Beautiful building lots in West End, on Park, Lee, Oak, Ashley, Gordon, Bangs, Irwin, Ganur, and other streets. Call for pamphlet.

38 1/2 acres on Peachtree road, in Buckhead, 578 feet front; cheap at \$3,000.

I have the prettiest 10 acre tract between Atlanta and East Point, near 3 mile post, on Lee street; lies beautifully; has good house on it; will make a comfortable country home and double in value; \$10,000.

102x200 on Washington street, near Richardson. 30 acres on Howell mill road; part of the Howell property.

A beautiful cottage and nice lot in Decatur, fronting on Georgia railroad; \$1,750. A beautiful vacant corner lot, near piano factory, 100x200.

Auction sales conducted in the best style. GEO. W. ADAIR, 5 Kimball House, Wall Street.

G. W. ADAIR, REAL ESTATE.

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